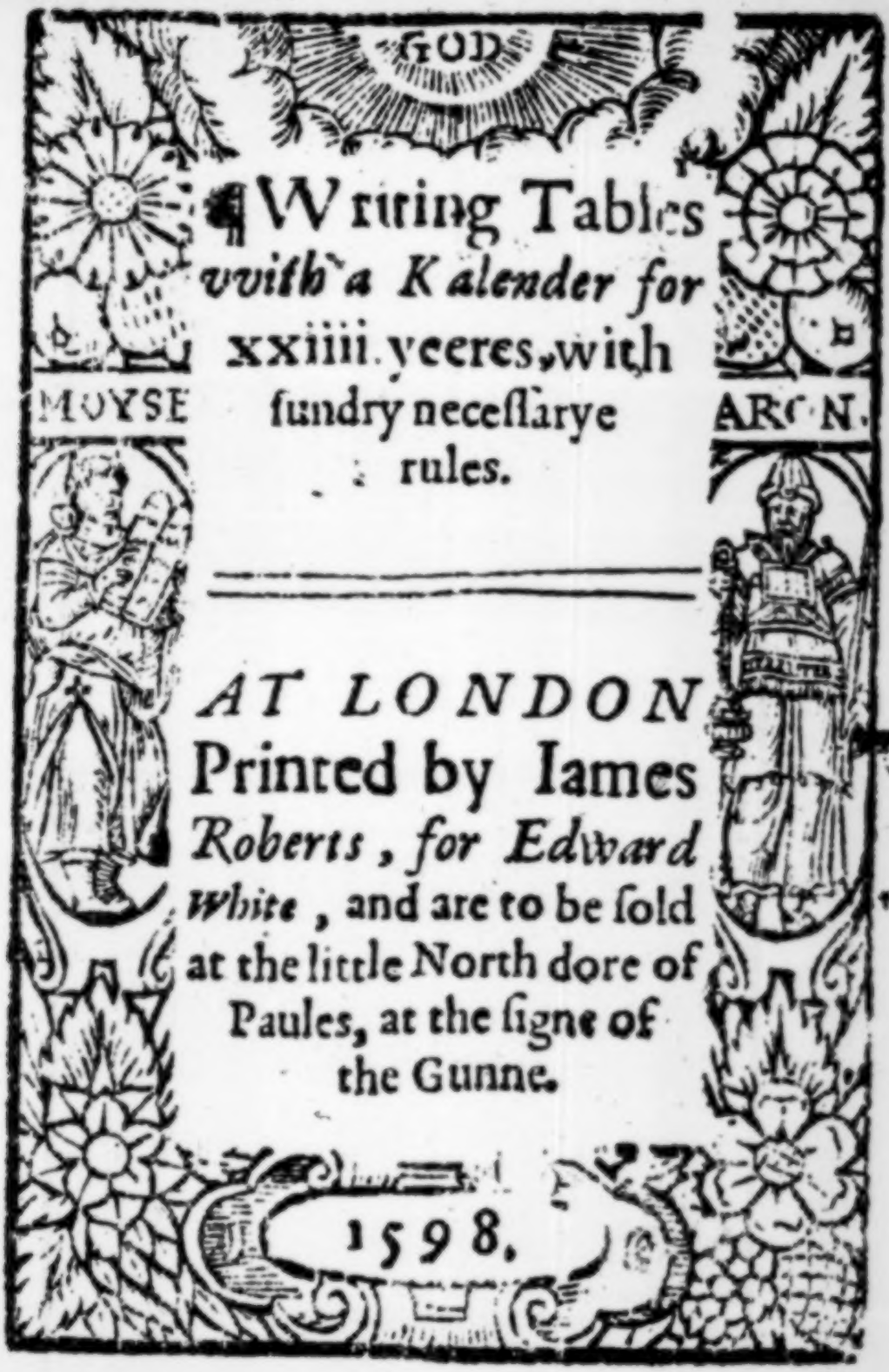


Writing Tables *with a Kalender for* xxiiii. yeeres, with ſundry neceſſarye rules.

AT LONDON
Printed by Iames *Roberts*, *for Edward White*, and are to be ſold at the little North dore of Paules, at the ſigne of the Gunne.

1598.

Anno domini.	Letter.	Leap yere Sundayes	Easter.	Prime, or Golden Number.	Epact.
1580	C	B	iij. Apryll.	iiij	xi iij
1581	A		xxvi. Marche.	v	xxv
1582	G		xv. Apryl.	vj	vi
1583	F		xxxj. Marche.	vij	xvij
1584	E	A	xix. Apryl.	viij	xxviij
1585	D		xj. Apryl.	ix	xix
1586	C		iij. Apryl.	x	xx
1587	B		xvi. Apryl.	xi	j
1588	A		vij. Apryl.	xij	xij
1589	G	F	xxx. Marche.	xiij	xxiij
1590	F		xix. Apryl.	xiiij	iiij
1591	E		iij. Apryl.	xv	xv
1592	D		xxvi. Marche.	xvj	xxvj
1593	C	A	xv. Apryl.	xvij	vij
1594	B		xxxi. Marche.	xviij	xviij
1595	A		xx. Apryl.	xix	xxix
1596	G		xj. Apryl.	j	x
1597	F	G	xxvij. March.	ij	xxi
1598	E		xvi. Apryl.	iij	ij
1599	D		viij. Apryl.	iiij	xiij
1600	C		xxiij. Marche.	v	xxiiij
1601	B	F	xij. Apryl.	vj	v
1602	A		iiij. Apryl.	vij	xvi
1603	G		xxiij. apryll.	viij	xxvii

A rule to knowe the chaunge, full, and quarters of the Moone for euer, which ye may too by heart, knowing the Epact.

LOoke in the table made of purpose, on the other side of this leafe, for the Epact, which is a number deuised to know the chaunge for euer, which number of Epact, standeth vnder this tytle Epact, and is right against the yeres of our Lorde and to know the chaunge of the moone do this, enter the table, and looke for the number of the epact, for that yeere you would knowe the chaunge, then reckon howe many moneths are past from march vnto the moneth you would know the change, reckoning march for one, and the moneth you are in for an other, as I would know on what day of the moneth of December 1594. the moone chaungeth: the Epact is xviij. from March to December are 10. monthes, (reckoning March and December for twoo of the number) which 10. adde to the Epact 18. which maketh 28. which 28. also take from 30. so rest 2. on which day the moone changeth. Note that the Epact beginneth in March and not in January: so that January and Februarie bee the last in number of the 12. Note also, that if ỹ numbers amount vnto aboue 30. the 30, being cast at, the remaine that is left must be taken from 30: if it be vnder 30, take that also from 30. and the remaine is the day of the change of the moone. Note withstanding, if there be 31. daies in a month, then take the remaine from 30. if but 30. dayes in the

moneth then take the remaine from 29. as for example: the Epact 1594. is 18. from March to Aprill 2. which added is 20. which 20. take from 29. (for Aprill hath but 30. daies) so rest 9. so I say the Moone chaungeth the 9. of Aprill 1594. By which rule you may knowe the chaunge alwaies by hart knowing the Epact.

An other rule for the chaunge of the Moone by the Prime number.

LOoke in the table made of purpose, one ꝑ other side of this leafe, for the goldē nūber or prime for the yeare, where you shall finde for euerie yere the seuerall prime or golden number: hauing foūd it, looke in that month wherin you wil know when the moone changeth, for the same prime nūber, which prime number standeth first in euerie leafe, vnder ꝑ name of prime, & right against that day where the prime number standeth, on that day the moone chaungeth: as for example, I woulde knowe on what day of the month of January 1593. the moone chaungeth? Looke in ꝑ table for the yere 1595. against which yeare standeth the prime nūber which is xvij. thē turne to January, & looke downe along the numbers standing vnder prime, for xvij which is against ꝑ xvij. day of Januarie, on which day the moone chaungeth, so that by this rule you shall knowe when the moone will change any yeare to come, when you knowe the prime number. Note that ꝑ full moone is xiiij daies. 18. houres after the chaunge, the quarter is vij daies ix. houres.

FINIS.

xix	1	A	Circumcision of Christe.
viij	2	b	The first day, sun ryseth at.8. setteth at
	3	c	at 4.
xvi	4	d	The 8. day, sun ryseth 50. minutes
v	5	e	after.7. setteth.10. minuts after.4.
	6	f	The 16. day, sun riseth 40. minuts af-
xiij	7	g	ter 7. setteth 20. minuts after 4.
ij	8	A	The 18. day, sun ryseth 25. minuts af-
	9	b	ter 7. setteth 35. minuts after.4.
x	10	c	
	11	d	Note that there are 60. minuts in the
xviij	12	e	howre.
viij	13	f	
	14	g	¶ A rule to finde the mooueable feastes
xv	15	A	of the whole yeere.
iii	16	b	Looke in the Table for the finding of
	17	c	Easter, hauing found what day Easter
xij	18	d	falleth on, Shroue sunday is the. vij.
i	19	e	sunday before the next wednesday, af-
	20	f	ter that is Ashwednesday: and the
ix	21	g	.vij. sunday after Easter is Whitsun-
	22	A	day: and the next sunday after Whitsu-
xviij	23	b	day is Trinitie sunday: and the.v. sun-
vi	24	c	day after Easter, is Rogation sunday,
	25	d	and fowre dayes after Rogation sun-
xiiij	25	e	day, is Ascention day.
xij	27	f	
	28	g	Twelfe day, Fayre at Salisburie.
xi	29	A	The.xxiiij. day, the Conuersiō of Paul.
xix	30	b	Fayres at Graues end, at Bishow.
viii	31	c	

	1	d	The. 2. day, sunne ryseth. 9. minutes af-
	2	e	ter 7. setteth 51. minutes after. 4.
xvi	3	f	The 8. day. sun ryseth 58. minutes af-
v	4	g	ter 6. setteth 2. minutes after 5.
	5	A	The 16. day, sunne ryseth 60. minutes
xiij	6	b	after 6. setteth 20. minuts after 5.
ij	7	c	The 24. day. sunne ryseth 30. minutes
	8	d	after 6. setteth 30. minuts after 5.
x	9	e	
	10	f	The yeere hath by the course of ☉ sun,
viij	11	g	12. Monthes, by course of the Moone 13.
xij	12	A	monthes: of weekes 52. of dayes 365.
	13	b	dayes, and 6. howres, which euery. 4
xv	14	c	yeere maketh a day more, which is the
iij	15	d	leape yeere: And there is in the yeere
	16	e	4386. howres.
xij	17	f	
i	18	g	The first day at Bramley. The 2. day
	19	A	beeing Candelmas day at Maidstone,
ix	20	b	at Bathe, at Lynne, at Sichelswoorth, at
	21	c	Landwoorth, at Reading.
xviij	22	d	S. Valentine, at Feuersham.
vi	23	e	On Ashwednesdaye, at Lychfielde, at
	24	f	Tamworth, at Roystone, at Dun-
xiiij	25	g	stable, at Excester, at Abington, at Cy-
iij	26	A	cester.
	27	b	The. xxiiij. day S. Matthias, at Henly
xj	28	c	vpon Thames at Tewchsbury, at
			Baldocke.

xix	1	d	The firſt day the ſun ryſeth 18.minuts
viii	2	e	after 6.ſetteth 24.minuts after.5. The
	3	f	10.day, ſunne ryſeth at 6.ſetteth at 6.
xvi	4	g	The 17,day,ſunne ryſeth 47.minuts af-
v	5	A	ter 5.ſetteth 13. minutes after 6. The
	6	b	24.day,ſunne ryſeth 30.minutes after.5
xiii	7	c	ſetteth 30.minutes after 6.
ii	8	d	
	9	e	
x	10	f	
	11	g	The.xii.day,at Stãford,at Sudbury.
xviij	12	A	The.xiii.day,at Wye,at the Mount,at
vii	13	b	Bodmin in Cornewal.
	14	c	The.v.Sunday in Lent,at Grantham
xv	15	d	at Saliſburie,at Hereforde.
iiii	16	e	The Munday before the Annunciatiõ
	17	f	of Mary, at Wiſbich, at Kendale, at
xii	18	g	Denbigh in Wales.
i	19	A	On Midlent Sunday,at Saffron Wal-
	20	b	den in Eſſex,at Obiham.
ix	21	c	
	22	d	On Palmeſunday euen,at Pomfret.
xvii	23	e	On Palme ſunday,at Worceſter.
vi	24	f	The.xx.day,at Durham.
	25	g	
xiiii	26	A	The.xxv.day, being the Annũciation
iii	27	b	of our Lady,at Northãpton,at Wal-
	28	c	den,at great Chart,at Newcaſtle.
xi.	29	d	
	30	e	Generally all the Lady dayes: ſayes
xix	31	f	at Huntington.

viij	1	g	The firſt day, ſunne ryſeth 19. minutes
xvi	2	A	after 5. letteth 41. minutes after 6.
v	3	b	The 8. day, ſunne ryſeth, 6. minutes af-
	4	c	ter 5. letteth 54. minutes after 6.
xiij	5	d	The 16. day, ſunne ryſeth 51. minutes
ij	6	e	after 4. letteth 9. minutes after 7.
	7	f	The 24. day, ſunne ryſeth 38. minutes
	8	g	after 4. letteth 22. minutes after 7.
x	9	A	
xviij	10	b	
viij	11	c	The v. day, at Walyngforde.
	12	d	The viij. day, at Darbie.
xv	13	e	The ix. day, at Bickelſworth, at Bil-
iiii	14	f	lingworth.
	15	g	The Munday next after, at Euesham
xii	16	A	in Worceſter ſhyre.
i	17	b	Tueſday in Eaſterweeke, at North-
	18	c	fleete, at Rochforde, at Hitchin.
ix	19	d	
	20	e	The thyrde Sunday after Eaſter, at
xviij	21	f	Louth.
vi	22	g	The xxiij. day, being S. Georges day
	23	A	at Charing, at Ipſwich, at Tamworth,
xiiij	24	b	at Amptil, at Hinningham, at Gilforde,
iij	25	c	at S. Nombes in Cornwall.
	26	d	The xxv. day, being S. Marke the E-
xi	27	e	uangeliſts day, at Darbie, at Dunmow
	28	f	in Eſſex.
xix	29	g	The xxvi. day, at Tenterden in Kent.
viij	30	A	

	1	e
xvi	2	c
v	3	d
	4	e
xiij	5	f
ij	6	g
	7	A
x	8	b
	9	c
xviij	10	d
viii	11	e
	12	f
xv	13	g
iiij	14	A
	15	b
xij	16	c
i	17	d
	18	e
ix	19	f
	20	g
xvij	21	A
vj	22	b
	23	c
xiiij	24	d
iij	25	e
xi	26	f
	27	g
xix	28	A
viij	29	b
	30	c
xvi	31	d

The first day, sunne ryseth 26. minuts after 4. setteth 34. minutes after 7.
The 8. day sun riseth 16. minuts after 4. setteth 44. minutes after 7.
The 16. day, sun riseth 6. minuts after 4. setteth 54. minutes after 7.
The 24. day, sun ryseth at 4. setteth at 8.

The first day beeing Philip and Jacob, at Leicester, at Reading at Maydstone in Kent, at Chensford in Essex.
The 7. day at Beuerley, at Oxforde.
On Ascention day at Newcastle, at Yerne, at Bremicham, at saint Edes, at Bishop Stratforde.
On Whitsonday, at Rye hyll: Euery Wednesday fortnight at Kingstoue vpon thames.
Munday in Whitsō weeke, at Daringtō, at Exceter, at Bradford, at Riegate.
Tuesday in Whitson weeke, at Lewes at Rochforth, at Canterbury.
On Trinity Sunday at Kendale, in Westmerland, at Rowell.
On Trinity Munday, at Watforde.
On Corpus Christi day, at Newbery, at Couentry, at saint Edes.
The 19. day, at Rochester, at Dunstable:
The 29. at Crambrooke.

v	1	e	The firſt day, ſun ryſeth 54. minuts af-
	2	f	ter 3. ſetteth 6. minutes after 8.
xiii	3	g	The 11. day, ſun ryſeth 15. minuts after
ii	4	A	3. ſetteth 15. minutes after 8.
	5	b	The 16. day, the ſun ryſeth 50. minuts
x	6	c	after 3. ſetteth 10. minuts after 8.
xviii	7	d	The 24. day, ſun ryſeth 54. minuts af-
vii	8	e	ter 3. ſetteth 6. minutes after 8.
	9	f	
	10	g	
xv	11	A	The 11. day, the longeſt day
iiii	12	b	
	13	c	The 9. day, at Maydſtone in Kent.
xii	14	d	The 11. day, at Okingham.
i	15	e	The 23. day, at Shrewesbury, at ſaint
	16	f	Albones.
ix	17	g	The 24. day, beeing Midſomer day, at
	18	A	ſaint Annes, at Wakefelde, at Colcheſ-
xvii	19	h	ter, at Croyden, at Bedford, at Reading,
vi	20	c	at Barnelwell beſyde Cambridge, at
	21	d	Wolnerhampton, at Cranbroke in Kent
xiiii	22	e	at Lincoln, at Gloceſter, at Peterborow,
iii	23	f	at Winſore, at Harſtowe in Suffolke,
	24	g	at Lancaſter, at Weſtcheſter, at Halifax,
xi	25	A	at Aſhburne in Darbiſhyre.
	26	b	The 30. day, beeing ſaint Peters day,
xix	27	c	at Woodhurſt, at Marleborow, at Hol-
	28	d	leſworth, at Wolnerhampton, at Peter-
viii	29	e	ſkeelde, at Lemſter, at Sudbury in Suf-
xvi	30	f	folke, at Gargrāge, at Bramcley in La-
			caſhire, at lower Knotſford in Cheſhire.

b	1	g	The first day, sun ryseth 58. minuts af-
	2	A	ter 3. setteth 2, minutes after 8.
xiij	3	b	The 8. day, sun ryseth 2. minutes after
ij	4	c	4. setteth 58. minutes after 7.
x	5	d	The 16. day, sun ryseth 16. minutes af-
	6	e	ter 4. setteth 44. minutes after 7.
xviij	7	f	The 24. day, sunne ryseth 30. minutes
vij	8	g	after 4. setteth 30. minutes after 7.
	9	A	
	10	b	
xv	11	c	The 15. day, at Winchbacke.
iiij	12	d	The 17. day, at Winchcombe.
	13	e	The 20. day, at Oxbridge.
xij	14	f	The 22. day, at Marleborowe, at
i	15	g	Wincheſter, at Colcheſter, at Tetbury,
ix	16	A	at Bridgenorth, at Battlefeelde by
	17	b	Shrewesburie, at Bickelswoorth.
	18	c	The 25. day, beeing Saint Iames the
xvij	19	d	Apoſtles day, at ſaint Iames nigh Lõ-
vi	20	e	don, at Douer, at Briſtowe, at Chilham,
	21	f	at Ipſwich, at Darby, at Northampton,
xiiij	22	g	at Dudley in Staffordſhyre, at Rea-
ij	23	A	ding, at Lonth, at Walmſeburie, at
	24	b	Bromeley, at Cheſter, at Liuerpoole in
xi	25	c	Lancaſhyre, at Aldergam in Cheſhyre, at
xix	26	d	Rauenglaſſe in the North.
viij	27	e	The 27. day, at Canterbury, at Hor-
	28	f	ſham, at Ritchmõd in the North, at Wa-
xvi	29	g	rington in Lancaſhire, at Chappel frith
	30	A	in Darbiſhire.
b	31	b	

xiii	1	c	The firſt day, ſun ryſeth 40. minutes
ii	2	d	after 4. ſetteth 20. minuts after 7.
	3	e	The 8. day, ſun ryſeth 51. minutes af-
x	4	f	ter 4. ſetteth 9. minuts after 7.
xviij	5	g	The 16. day, ſun ryſeth 6. minuts af-
vij	6	A	ter 5. ſetteth 54. minuts after 6.
	7	b	The 24. day, ſun ryſeth 20. minuts af-
	8	c	ter 5. ſetteth 30. minuts after 6.
xv	9	d	
iiij	10	e	The firſt day of Auguſt being Lãmas
	11	f	day, at Feuerſham, at Exceter, at Duu-
xij	12	g	ſtable, at S. Edes, at Bedford, at Yorke,
i	13	A	at Rumney.
	14	b	The. x. daye, at Waltham, at Blacka-
ix	15	c	more, at Hungerford, at Bedford, at
	16	d	Stroides, at Farnam, at S. Laurence
xvii	17	e	by Bodmin, at Walton, at Croyly in
vi	18	f	Lancaſhire, at Seddell in Yorkeſhyre,
	19	g	at Frodeſham in Cheſhyre, at newe
xiiij	20	A	Brainford,
iii	21	b	The. xv. day, at Dunmowe in Eſſex at
	22	c	Carlile, at Preſton in Lancaſhire, at
xi	23	d	Wakefeelde both the Ladye dayes.
xix	24	e	The. xxiiii. daye, being Bartholomew
viij	25	f	the apoſtles day, at Londõ, at Tuke-
	26	g	burie, at Beggers buſh beſyde Rye, at
xvi	27	A	Sudburie, at Norwich, at Northaler-
v	28	b	ton, at Douer, at Rie, at Nantwich
	29	c	in Cheſhire, at Paget in Bromlie.
	30	d	The, xxvii. day, at Aſhford.
xij	31	e	The, xxix. day at Watford.

ij	1	f	The first day, the sun ryseth 36. minuts
	2	g	after 5. setteth 24 minutes after 6.
x	3	A	The 8. day, sun riseth 49. minutes af-
xviij	4	b	ter 5. setteth 11. minuts after 6.
vii	5	c	Thr 13. day, sun riseth at 6. setteth at 6.
	6	d	The 24. day, sun ryseth 23. minutes af-
	7	e	ter 6. setteth 37. minutes after 5.
xv	8	f	
iiij	9	g	
	10	A	The fyrst day, at S. Gyles in the bush.
xij	11	b	The. 8. daye, beeing the Natiuitie of
j	12	c	Marie, at Wakefeeld, at Sturbridge, at
ix	13	d	Southwark nigh London, at Recouer.
	14	e	The. xiiij. daye, at Richmond in yorke-
	15	f	shyre, at Waltam Abbey, at Walten vn-
xviij	16	g	der hedge, at Chesterfeelde in Darbi-
vi	17	A	shyre. at Sinalding, at Denbighe in
	18	b	Wales.
xiij	19	c	The. 21. day, being S. Mathewes day,
iij	20	d	at Marleborow, at Bedford, at Croidō,
	21	e	at Holden in Holdernes, at Saint Ed-
xi	22	f	mondes bury, at Walton, at Baldocke,
	23	g	at saint Jues, at Shrewesbury, at Len-
xix	24	A	ham, at Spitingborne, at Brayntree,
viij	25	b	at Katterne hyll beside Gilford, at new
	26	c	Brainford, at Douer, at Wendouer.
xvj	27	d	The. 29. day, being Michaell Archan-
v	28	e	gels day, at Westchester, at Lancaster, at
xiij	29	f	Walden, an horse Fayre, at Wayhyll, at
ij	30	g	Leycester, at Newbery, at Basingstoke,

	1	A	The firſt day, the ſun ryſeth 35. minuts
p	2	b	after 6. ſetteth 24. minuts after 5.
	3	c	The 8. day, ſun ryſeth 47. minuts af-
xviij	4	d	ter 6. ſetteth 13. minuts after 5.
vij	5	e	The 16. day, ſun ryſeth 3. minutes af-
	6	f	ter 7. ſetteth 13. minutes after 4.
xv	7	g	The 24. day, ſun ryſeth 19. mu:ites af-
iiij	8	A	ter 7 ſetteth 41. minutes after 4.
	9	b	
xij	10	c	
i	11	d	The. 5, daye at Saint Faithes, beſide
	12	e	Norwiche, and at Maidſtone.
ix	13	f	The. 8. daye, at Harford, at Harborow,
	14	g	at Bi hop Stratford.
xvij	15	A	The. 13. day, at Graueſende at Winſor,
	16	b	at Marketeid, at Colcheſter.
vi	17	c	The. 18. day, being ſaint Luke Euan-
xviij	18	d	geliſtes day, at Ely, at Bridgenorth, at
ij	19	e	Stanton, at Charing, at Burton vppon
	20	f	Trent, at Friſelwides in Oxford.
xj	21	g	The. 21. daye at Saffron Walden, at
	22	A	Newmarket, at Hattford, at Cicester,
xix	23	b	at Stokeſley.
viii	24	c	The. 23. day, at Preſton, at Richdale
	25	d	in Lancaſhyre, at Bickelſwoorthe, at
xvj	26	e	lower Knotſforth in Cheſhyre, at Whyt-
v	27	f	church in Shropſhyre.
	28	g	Simon and Jude.
xiij	29	A	The 30. day, being all Saints euen, at
ij	30	b	Wakefeelde in Yorkſhyre, at Reythen in
	31	c	Wales.

r	1	d	All Saintes.
	2	e	The first day, sun ryseth 30. minutes
rvlij	3		after 7. setteth 30. minutes after 4.
vij	4	g	The 8. day, sun ryseth 42. minutes af-
	5	A	ter 7. setteth 18. minuts after 4.
rv	6	b	The 15. day, sun ryseth 51. minutes af-
iiij	7	c	ter 7. setteth 4. minutes after 3.
	8	d	The 24. day, sunne ryseth at 8. setteth
rij	9	e	at 4.
	10	f	
ir	11	g	All soules, at Blechingley, at Kingston.
	12	A	S. Leonarde, at Standley, at New-
	13	b	port ponde, at Tryuey, in Cornewale,
rviij	14	c	at Salforth, at Leeds in Lancashyre.
vj	15	d	Martin bishop, at Lenton, at Marlebo-
	16	e	rolo, at Douer.
riiij	17	f	S. Hugh. Inuit. Reg. Eliz. at Harow,
iij	18	g	at Hyde.
	19	A	Brice, at S. Edmunds burie, at Eyl-
xi	20	b	forde.
rix	21	c	
viij	22	d	S. Elizabeth, at Horsham.
	23	e	Edmund king, at Hide, at Ingerston.
	24	f	S. Clement, at Sandwich.
rvj	25	g	
v	26	A	The, 30. day, being saint Andrewe the
	27	b	Apostles day, at Colyngborowe, at Ro-
riij	28	c	chester, at Peterfeld, at Maydenhead,
r	29	d	at Warington in Lancashyre, at Bewd-
ij	30	e	ley, at Barefords in Yorkshyre, at Ole
			stris in Wales.

	1	f	The firſt day, ſun ryſeth 6. minutes af-
xviii	2	g	ter 8. ſetteth 54. minutes after 3.
vij	3	A	The 8. day, ſun ryſeth 10. minuts af-
	4	b	ter 8. ſetteth 50. minutes after 3.
xv	5	c	The 13. day, ſun ryſeth 15. minutes af-
iiii	6	d	ter 4. ſetteth 45. minuts after 3.
	7	e	The 24. day. ſun ryſeth 5. min. after 8,
xii	8	f	ſetteth 55. minuts after 3.
i	9	g	The 13. day the ſhorteſt day.
	10	A	¶ To make cleane your Tables,
ix	11	b	when they are written on.
	12	c	Take a little peece of a Spunge, or a
xvii.	13	d	Linnen cloath, being cleane without a-
	14	e	ny ſoyle: wet it in water, and wring it
vi	15	f	hard, & wipe that you haue wryten very
xiiii	16	g	lightly, and it will out, and within one
iii.	17	A	quarter of an howre, you may wryte in
	18	b	the ſame place agayne: put not your
xi	19	c	leaues together, whyliſt they be very wet
xix	20	d	with wypyng. Faſt.
	21	e	Thomas Apoſtle.
viii	22	f	The. vj. day, at Spalding, at Sinock
	23	g	at Exceter, at Arndale.
xvi	24	A	Faſt.
v	25	b	Chriſtmaſſe day.
	26	c	Saint Stephen.
xiii	27	d	John Euangeliſt.
ii	28	e	Innocentes day.
	29	f	The. xxix. day, at Canterbury, at Sa-
x	30	g	liſbury.
	31	A	

Godly exercises of Prayer, to bee vsed Morning and Euening of euery houlholder in theyr houses, or of any other priuatlie.

Morning Prayer.

ALmighty God and most mercifull father, we doe not present our selues heere before thy maiestie, trusting in our own merits or worthines, but in thy manifolde mercies, which haste promised to heare our prayers, and graunt our requests, which we shall make to thee in the name of thy beloued sonne Iesus Christ our Lorde: therefore we beseeche thee moste mercifull father, to turne thy louing countenaunce towards vs, & impute not vnto vs our manifold sinnes and offences, whereby we iustly deserue thy wrath & sharpe punishment, but rather receiue vs to thy mercy for Iesus Christes sake, accepting his death and passion as a iust recompence for all our offences, in whom onely thou art pleased, and through whō thou canst not bee offended with vs. And seeing that of thy great mercies we haue quietly passed this night, graunt (O heauenly father) that wee may bestow this day wholy in thy seruice, so that all our thoughts, words and deeds, may redounde

to the glory of thy name. And because thou haste commaunded vs to pray one for another, we heare (O Lord) with most humble minde craue of thy diuine maiestie to be merciful vnto the vniuersall Church of thy Sonne Christe, and specially according to our bounden duetie, beseech thee for hys sake to bleſſe, saue, and defend, the principall member thereof, thy seruaunt, our most deere and soueraigne Lady Queene Elizabeth, encreasing in her royall harte true faith, godly zeale, and loue of the same: And graunt her victory ouer all her enemies, a long, prosperous, and honorable life vpon earth, & lastly ende: and life euerlasting.

Moreouer (O Lord) graunt vnto her maiesties moste honorable Councellers, and euerye other member of this thy Church of England, that they and we in our seuerall callings, may truelye and godly serue thee. Plant in our hartes true feare, and honour of thy name, obedience to our Prince, and loue to our neighbours: Encrease in vs true faith and religion: replenish our myndes with all goodnes, and of thy greate mercie keepe vs in the same till the ende of our liues: Giue vnto vs a godly zeale in prayer, true humilitye in prosperity, perfect patience in aduersitye, and continuall ioy in the holy ghost.

Graunt vs deere Father these our requestes, and all other thinges necessary for vs and thy holy Church, according to thy promise in Christe Iesus our Lord. In whose name wee beseech thee, as he hath taught vs, saying: Our Father which art in heauen, &c.

Euening

O Lorde God, Father euerlasting and full of pitty: we acknowledge and confesse that wee be not worthy to lifte vp our eyes to heauen much lesse to present our selues before thy maiestie with confidence that thou wilt heare our prayers and graunt our requestes, if we consider our owne deseruinges: for our consciences doo accuse vs, and our sinnes witnes against vs, and we knowe thou art an vpright Judge, which doest not iustifie the sinners & wicked men, but punishest the faults of all such as transgresse thy commaundements, yet most mercifull Father, since it hath pleased thee to commaunde vs to call on thee in all our troubles and aduersities, promising euen then to helpe vs, when wee feele our selues (as it were) swallowed vppe of death and desperation: Wee vtterly renounce all worldlie confidence, and flye to thy soueraigne bountie, as our onelie staye and refuge: beseeching thee not to call to remembraunce our manifolde sinnes and wickednesse wherebye wee continuallie prouoke thy wrath and indignation against vs: neyther our negligence and blindnes, which haue neyther worthylie esteemed nor in our liues sufficientlye expressed the sweete comforte of thy Gospell reuealed vnto vs: But rather to accept the death and obedience of thy sonne Jesus Christe, who by offering vp his bodye in Sacrifice once for all, hath made a sufficient recompence for all our sinnes. Haue mercie therfore vpon vs o Lord, & forgiue vs our offences. For these and whatsoeuer elce, let vs say: Our Father, &c.

A breefe and necessarie Table for such as buie any kinde of merchantis commodities by the hundreth to retail by the pounde, which vnto some (not very expert in reckning) may be a good helpe. As this 1. q. the pound maketh ij. s. iiij. d. the hundreth, a fiue score and xij. l. the hundreth, and so of any other summes as followeth in this Table.

Money by the pound.		Money by the hundreth xl. xij.	
a. q.	the pound maketh.	ij s. iiij. d.	the hundreth.
a ob.		iiij. s viij. d	
a ob. q.		viij. s.	
i. d.		ix. s iij. d.	
j. d. q.		xi. s. viij. d.	
j. d ob.		xiij. s.	
j. d ob. q.		xvj. s. iiij. d.	the hundreth.
ij. d.	the pound maketh.	xviij. s. viij. d.	
ij. d. q.		j. l. j. s.	
ij. d ob.		j. l. iij. s. iiij. d.	
ij. d. ob. q.		j. l. v. s. viij. d.	
iij. d.		j. l. viij. s.	
iij. d. q.	the pound maketh.	j. l. x. s. iiij. d.	the hundreth.
iij. d. ob.		j. l. xij. s. viij. d.	
iij. d. ob. q.		j. l. xv. s.	
iiij. d		j. l. xvij. s. iiij. d.	
iiij. d. q.		j. l. xix. s. viij. d.	
iiij. d ob.		ij. l. ij. s.	
iiij. d. ob. q.		ij. l. iiij. s. iiij. d.	

v. d.		ij. l. ix. s. viij. d.	
v. d. q.		ij. l. ix. s.	
v. d. ob.	the pound	ij. l. viij. s. viij. d.	
v. d. ob. q.	maketh.	ij. l. vij. s.	the hun=
vj. d.		ij. l. xvj. s.	dzeth.
vj. d. q.		ij l. xvij. s. viij. d.	
vj. d. ob.		iij. l. viij. s.	
vj. d. ob. q.		iij. l.	
vij. d.		iij. l. viij. s.	
vij. d. q.	the pound	iij. l. ix. s. viij. d.	
vij. d. ob.	maketh	iij. l. x. s.	the hun=
vij. d. ob. q.		iij. l. xj. s. viij. d.	dzeth.
viij. d.		iij. l. xij. s.	
viij. d. q.		iij. l. xiij. s. viij. d.	
viij. d. ob.		iij. l. xv. s.	
viij. d. ob. q.		iij. l. xvj. s. viij. d.	
ix. d.	the pound	iiij. l.	
ix. d. q.	maketh.	iiij. l. viij. s.	the hun=
ix. d. ob.		iiij. l. xj. s. viij. d.	dzeth.
ix. d. ob. q.		iiij. l. xiij. s.	
x. d.		iiij. l. xv. s. viij. d.	
x. d. q.		iiij. l. xvij. s.	
x. d. ob.	the pound	v. l.	the hun=
x. d. ob. q.	maketh.	v. l. iij. s. viij. d.	dzeth.
xi. d.		v. l. vj. s.	
xj. d. q.		v. l. viij. s. viij. d.	
xj. d. ob.		v. l. xj. s.	
xj. d. ob. q.		v. l. xiij. s. viij. d.	

xij.ð.	the pound maketh.	v.l.xij.s.	the hundreth.
xij.d.q.		v.l.xij.s.iiij ð.	
xij.d.ob.		v.l.xvj.s. viij.ð.	
xij.d.ob.q.		v.l.xix.s.	

And for to recken any thing, at fiue score the hundreth, this Table may serue, onely rebating the xij. in pounds and money, as a q. the pound, at v. score the hundreth, maketh ij.s j.ð. the hundreth. and so of any other. And if you will you may make thys Table serue for any greater prises than is here set down, as xvj.d. the pound, what it is the hundreth: looke in the Table for xij.d. the pound, which is v.l.xij.s. the hundreth, add to that iiij. d. the pound, which in the Table makes j.l. xvij.s. iiij. d. the hundreth, adde both together, and it maketh viij.l.ix.s.iiij d. the hundreth.

THus louing Reader, I haue drawne this and other necessary tables following: not for that I take vpon me to teach any of more experience than my selfe, but for the vse of the vnskilfull, which are not so quick and ready in reconing, yet notwithstanding the quickest memory may sometime faile, in as small matters as these are.

A discription of Waights and measures.

IT is to be vnderstoode, that where heeretofore I haue set forth a difference of waights and measures, as Troy, & Haberdewpoise, it is so. By a statute made in the eleuenth yeere of Henry the seauenth, there ought to bee but one sorte of waights and measures. As twenty foure Early Corns dry, and taken out of the middest of the

eare

rare, doth make a penny waight, xix. of those pēny waights make an ounce, and xij. of these ounces make a pound of Troy waight, or a pynt of measure, ij. pounds, or two pintes make a quart, eight pounds or pints make a Gallon, two Gallons or xvi. pints make a pecke, eight Gallons or lxiiij. pound maketh a Bushell, two Bushels maketh a Strike, foure Bushels a Coume, Kaser, or Cornocke, eyght Bushells, which is lxiiij. Gallons, or fiue C. xij. pound, maketh a quarter or Seame of corn. Also the Firken containeth 8. Gallons, which is lxiiij. pounds or pints, and 4. firkins or xxxij. Gallons make the Barrel, but the Beere measure containeth 4. Gallons more in the Barrell then any other vessell) and of Wine measure, ♃ Rondle must contayne xvj. Gallons, a halfe, the Barrell xxxij. Gallons a halfe, the Terce xlij Gallons, and the Hogshead lxiiij. Gallons, the Ponchion or Tercian lxxxij Gallons, the Pipe one C. xxvj. Gallons, the Tun ij. C. xxv. Gallons, the malmesey Butte j. C. xxvj. Gallons, which measure is according to the Statute. The Haberdupoyse is a waight not alowed by statute (of whēce thoriginall came is not certainly known) which waight containeth xvj. ounces to ♃ pound, which xvj. ounces are lighter then the Troy xvj. ounces, j. ounce and almost iij. quarters, and yet is sold by it tin, lead, Hempe, Flax, with all other kinde of marchandise, and vnto euery hundred is alowed xij. ℔. waight, by the common Beame: also the way of Cheese must containe xxxij Cloues, reckoning to euerie Cloue viij. ℔, which is two C. lvj. ℔. to the way.

Also

Also Woll is sold by ꝑ stone, euery stone must containe xiiij. li. xvi. stone to ꝑ sack, according to the statute. Beefe is sold by ꝑ score but most commōly by ꝑ stone, the stone containing viij. li. & all other commodities of sale are sold by ꝑ hundred hauing v. score to the C. except Cattell and fishe, which is solde for vj. score to the hundred.

¶ Measure of length

As three Barly corns measured from end to end make an inche, xij. inches a foote, iij. foote a yarde, v. yardes and ½ halfe a rodde poole, or pearche xl roodes in length, and iiij. in breadth, containeth an Acre of land, and xl. rods in length (only) maketh a furlong, viij. furlongs maketh an English mile, which is i.M. viij.C. xl yardes, or v.M. iij.C. lxxx foote, or lxiij. M. iij. C. xl. inches, and of Barley cornes i.C. lxxx. and ten thousand, and four score, measured from end to end, maketh the measure of an English mile, & some reckon the mile to be one 1000. paces, but it must bee 1017. paces of our measure, reckoning v. fete to the pace, and a step is ij. fete & a halfe, a Cubome, viij. fete is an english ell, iij. feet, nine inches. Which measures differ from that of other countries, which haue a rule of Geometricall measure as 4. barly cornes in thicknes make a finger of measure, 4. fingers a hande, 4. of those handes in breadth a foote, v. of those fete a Geometricall pace, & a C. xxv. paces a furlong, viij. furlongs or one M. paces, v. fete to a pace maketh an Italyan mile. and iij. M. paces a league, and 4000. paces a common Dutch myle, & 5000. paces a Germaine, or great Dutch mile.

FINIS.

A briefe Rule shewing the inst payment of wages or expences by day, what it amounteth to in the whole yeere, reckoning for euery penny a pound, a halfe pound, a groat, a penny, all put together with the summe for the whole yeere: as thus. A penny a day, is j. pound, one halfe pound, j. groat, j penny: which in the yeere is xxx. shillings, v. pence: and so of any other. as xij. pence a day, is xij. pounds, xij. halfe pounds, xij. groats, xij. pence, wich in the yeere is xxviij. pound. v. shillings

The beginning and ending of the Tearmes.

Hillary terme beginneth the xxiij. of January, and endeth the .xij. or xiij. of Febzuary, and hath foure returnes. viz. Octabis Hillarii. Quind. Hillarii. Crastin. Purific. Octabis Purific.

Easter terme beginneth xvij. daies after Easter, and endeth the Munday next after the Assention day, and hath fiue returnes: viz. Quind Paschæ. Tres Paschæ. Mense Paschæ. Quinque Paschæ. Crast. Ascension.

Trinitie terme beginneth the xij. day after Whitsunday, and continueth xix. dayes and hath foure returnes: viz. Crastin. Trinita. Octabis Trinita. Quind Trinitat. Tres Trinitat.

Michaelmas terme beginneth the ix. or x. day of October, and endeth the xxviij. or xxix. day of Nouember, and hath viij returnes: viz. Octabis Michael. Quind Michael. Tres Michael Mense Michael. Crastin. Anima. Crastin. Martin. Octabis Martin. Quind Martini.

The Exchequer doth ope. 8. daies befor any terme except Trinity terme, the it openeth. 4. daies before

The high vvayes from any notable townne in England, to the Citie of London: newly collected and set foorth in a more larger and better manner then heretofore hath beene.

¶ From Barwicke to yorke.

From Barwicke to Belford.	xii.myle
from Belford to Anwicke.	xii.myle
from Anwicke to Morpit.	xii.myle
from Morpit to Newcastle.	xii.myle
from Newcastle to Durham.	xii.myle
from Durham to Darington.	xiiii.myle
from Darington to Northalerton.	x.myle
from Northalerton to Topclyffe.	viii.myle
from Topclyffe to yorke.	xvi.myle

¶ From yorke to London.

From yorke to Tadcaster.	viii.myle
from Tadcaster to Wentbridge.	xii.myle
from Wentbridge to Dancaster.	vii.myle
from Dancaster to Tuxforde.	xviii.myle
from Tuxforde to Newmarke.	x.myle
from Newmarke to Grantham.	x.myle
from Grantham to Stamforde.	xvi.myle
from Stamforde to Stilton.	xii.myle
from Stilton to Huntington.	ix.myle
from Huntington to Royston.	xv.myle
from Royston to Ware.	xiii.myle
from Ware to Waltham.	viii.myle
from Waltham to London.	xii.myle

¶ From Cokermouth to Lancaster, and so to London.

From Cokermouth to Kyslwick.	vi.myle

from

from Kylwick to Grocener. viij.myle
from Grocener to Kendale xiiij.myle
from kendale to Burton. vij.myle
from Burton to Lancaster. vij.myle
from Lancaster to Preston. xx.myle
from Preston to Wygan. xiiij.myle
from Wygan to Warington. xij.myle
from Warington to Newcastle. xx.myle
from Newcastle to Lychfeeld xx myle
from Lychfeeld to Couentry. xx. myle, and so to London, as in the way from Couentry apeareth.

¶ Frō S. Dauids to Glocester, and so to London.

From S. Dauids to Axford. xij.myle.
from Axford to Carmerden. xxiiij.myle
from Carmerden to Newton. xij.myle
from Newton to Lanbury. x.myle
from Lanbury to Wychnock. xvj.myle
from Wychnock to Hay. x.myle
from Hay to Harford. xiiij.myle
from Harford to Ross. xj.myle
from Ross to Glocester. xij.myle
from Glocester to Cicester. xv.myle
from Cicester to Farington. xij.myle
from Farington to Abington. x myle
from Abington to Doxchester. v.myle
from Doxchester to Henly. xij.myle
from Henly to Maydenhead. vij.myle
from maydenhead to Colbrooke. vij. myle
from Colbrooke to Hounslow. v.myle
from Hounslow to London. x.myle.

¶ Frō Carmarthē to Worcester, and so to London.

From Carmarthen to Kaundouery. xx.myle

from

from Launceston to Bodmyn xiiii.myle
from Bodmyn to Burston xii.myle
from Burston to Worcester. xxvi myle
from Worcester to Evesham xii.myle
from Evesham to Chippingnorton xiii.myle
from Chippingnorton to Islip xii.myle
from Islip to Wicham. xx myle
from Wicham to Beconsfeeld v.myle
from Beconsfeeld to Orbridge vii.myle
from Orbridge to London. xv.myle

¶ From Carnarvan to Chester, and so to Coventrie, and so to London.

From Carnarvan to Conway. xxiiii.myle
from Conway to Denbigh xi. myle
from Denbigh to Flynt, xii.myle
from Flynt to Chester. x.myle
from Chester to Wyche. xv.mile
from Wych to Stone xv.myle
from Stone to Lychfeeld xv.myle
from Lychfeeld to Colshyl xii.mile
from Colshyl to Coventry viii.myle
from Coventry to Deyntry xiii.myle
from Deyntry to Towcester x.mile
from Towcester to Stonystratford vi.myle
from Stonystratford to Brickhill. vii myle.
from Brickhill to Dunstable vii.myle
from Dunstable to Saint Albones x.myle
from S. Albons to Barnet. x.myle
from Barnet to London. x.mile

¶ From S. Burien in Cornewall to Excester.

From S. Burien to the mount x.myle
from the mount to Truro. xii.myle

from

from truro to Bodmin.	xii.myle
from Bodmin to Launstone.	xx,myle
from Launstone to Okhampton	xv.myle,
from Okhampton to Crocthornewell,	x,myle
from Crocthornewell to Excester	x,myle

From Excester to Salisbury, and so to London.

from excester to Honiton,	xi,myle
from Honiton to Chard	x,myle
from Chard to Crockhorne.	vi,myle
from Crockhorne to Sherborne.	x.myle
from Sherborne to Shaftsburye	xii.my.
from Shaftsbury to Salisburye	xviii.myl.
from Salisbury to Andover	xv.myle
from Andover to Basingstoke	xvi,myle
from Basingstoke to Hartlerow	viii.myle
from Hartlerow to Bagshot	viii.myle,
from Bagshot to Staines	viii.myle
from Staines to London.	xv,myle

¶ From Bristowe to London.

From Bristow to Marsfelde.	x.myle
from marsfeld to Chipnam.	x,myle
from Chipnam to marlebozowe.	xv,myle
from marlebozowe to Hungerford.	viii,myle
from Hungerford to Newbery.	vi.myle
from Newbery to Reading	xv.myle
from Reading to maydenhead.	x.myle
from maydenhead to Colbrooke.	viii.myle
from Colbrooke to London.	xv,myle

¶ From Lincolne to London.

From Lincolne to Ancaster	
from Ancaster to Bitsfeld.	
from Bitsfeld to Staunford.	

from

from Stauntford to Stilton, as it is in yorke way
¶ From Nottingham to Leicester, & so to London.
From Nottingham to Lugborough. viii. myle
from Lugborough to Leicester, viii. myle
from Leicester to Harborough xii. myle
from Harborough to Northhampton, xii. myle
from Northhampton to Stony Stratford x. myle,
& so to London, as in ye way to country appeareth
¶ From Boston to London.
From Boston to Bourne xvii. myle
from Bourne to Stilton. xviii. myle
and so to London as in yorke way.
¶ From Cambridge to London.
From Cambridge to Slow, from Slowe to Barkway, from Barkway to Puckrich, from Puckrich to Ware, in all. xxv. myle
from Ware to Waltam viii. myle
from Waltam to London. xii. mylle
¶ From Oxford to London.
From Oxford to Whytlebridge v. myle
from Whytlebridge to Tetsworth, v. myle
from Tetsworth to Stoken church v. myle
from Stoken Church to Wrbridge xvii. myle
from Wrbridge to London. xv. myle
¶ From Dover to London.
From Dover to Canterbury. xii. myle
from Canterbury to Sittingburne xii. myle
from Sittingburne to Rochester viii. myle
from Rochester to Graueseude v. myle
from Graueseud to Darford vi. myle
from Darford to London. xii. myle
¶ From Rye to London.
From Rye to Plymwell. xv. mye

from Plymwch to tunbridge xi.myle
from tunbridge to Chepstow vii.mi.
from Chepstow to London xv.myle

¶ From Yarmouth to Ipswych, and so to Colchester, and so to London.

From Yarmonth to Lestoffe vi.myle
from Lestoffe to Blebur x.mile
from Blebur to Snapbridge viii.my.
from Snapbridge to Woodbridge viii.mile
from Woodbridge to Ipswych v.myle
from Ipswych to Colchester xii,mile
from Colchester to Esterfeld, xiii.myle
from Esterfeld to Chelmesford x,myle
from Chelmesford to Brentwood x.myle
from Brentwood to London xv. myle

¶ From Walsingham to London.

From Walsingham to Dockham xii,mile
from Dockham to Brandon ferry xv.myle
from Brandon ferry to Newmarket xiiii.myle
from Newmarket to Wyfordbridg, x.mile
from Wyfordbridge to Barkway x.myle
from Barkway to Ware xii.myle
from Ware to Waltam viii.myle
from Waltam to London. xii.myle

¶ From yarmouth to Norwich, & so to London.

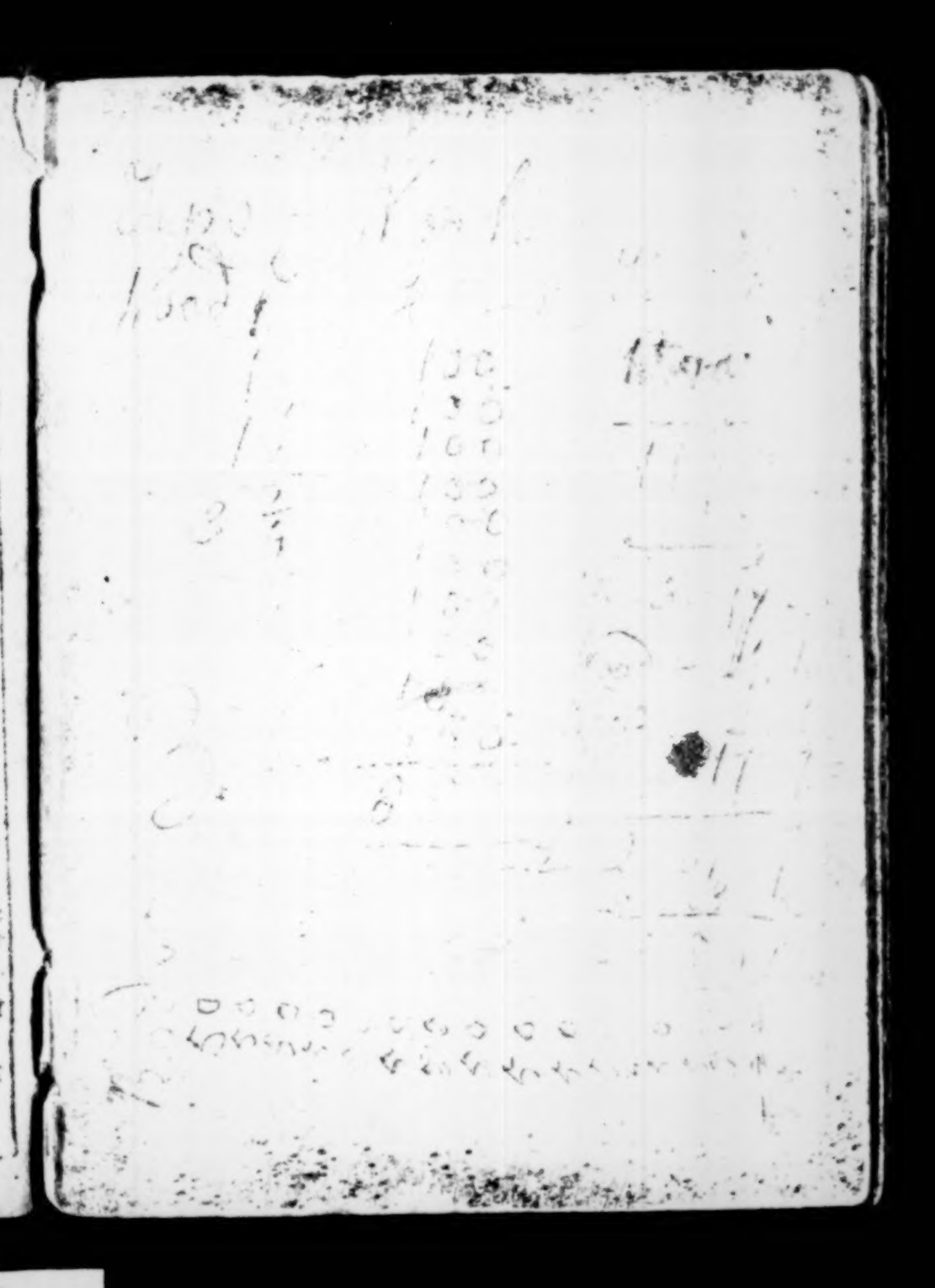
From yarmouth to Ockell viii.myle
from Ockell to Norwich viii.myle
from Norwych to Windam, frõ Windam to Ackeyborough Alias Atilborough x.myle
from Atilborough to thetford x. myle
from thetford to Icklingham sands. v.myle
from Icklingham sands to Newmarket. x. myle
and so to London as in Walsingham way.

A Table of the difference of the Pyses of Golde

	Angell Golde	French crown g.	Soueran Golde.
A pownd Waight.	36.l.	33.l.	30.l.
An Ounce.	3.l.	55 s.	50 s.
The half ounce.	30.s.	27.s 6.d	25.s.
Quarter of an ouce.	15.s.	13 s.9.d	12.s.6.d.
Half quarter of an Ouuce.	7.s.6.d.	6 s.10 d. ½	6 s.3.d.
Farthing Golde Waight.	3 s.9 d.	3 s.5 d. ¼	3 s.1 d. ¼
Penny waight.	3 s.	2 s. 9 d.	2 s. 6 d.
A Graine.	1 d. ½	1 d. 4. 8	1 d. ¼

A breefe table of the valure of golde, what it is worth from a graine to a pound, whereby you may know the value of any peece of straunge Golde which may come to your hands, knowing the waight it shines as Angell golde, the penny waight is 3 s. French crowne gold 2 s.9.d, Soueraine gold, 2 s 6 d. and al other peeces more or lesse waight, this table doth direct.

It is to be vnderstoode (gentle Reader) that whereas the waight is called by the name of a penyweight is not meant a peny of siluer money, but a peny of goldsmiths waight, which is made by the waight of xxiiij. Barley graines dry, and taken out of the midest of the eare, so xx. of these penny waights make an ounce, and xij. ounces make a pound Troy.



September 2d 1726
2d weeks of y[e] month
stays —

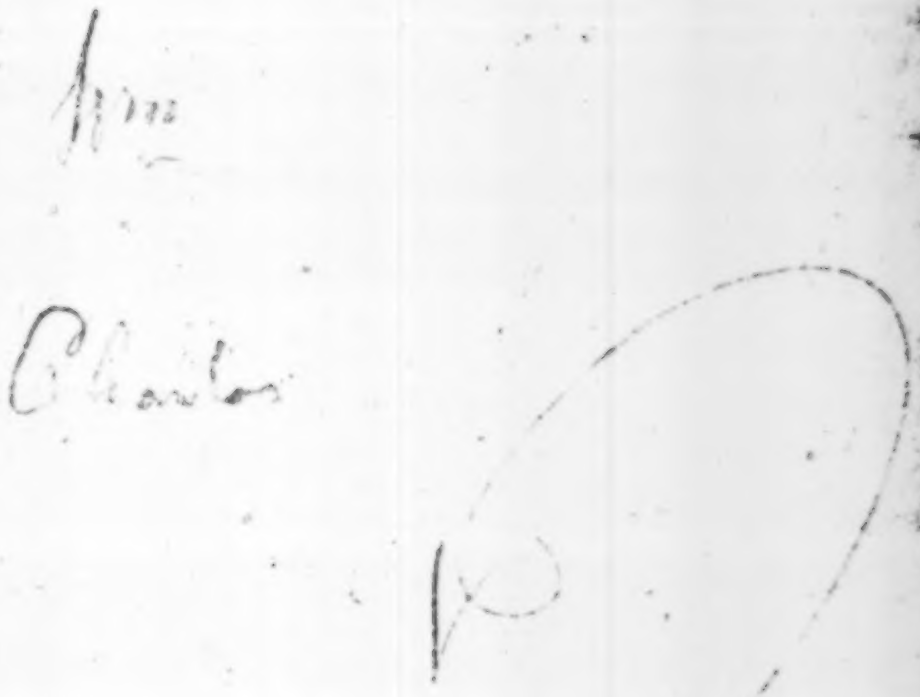
21
17:4
2 1 4
18 1

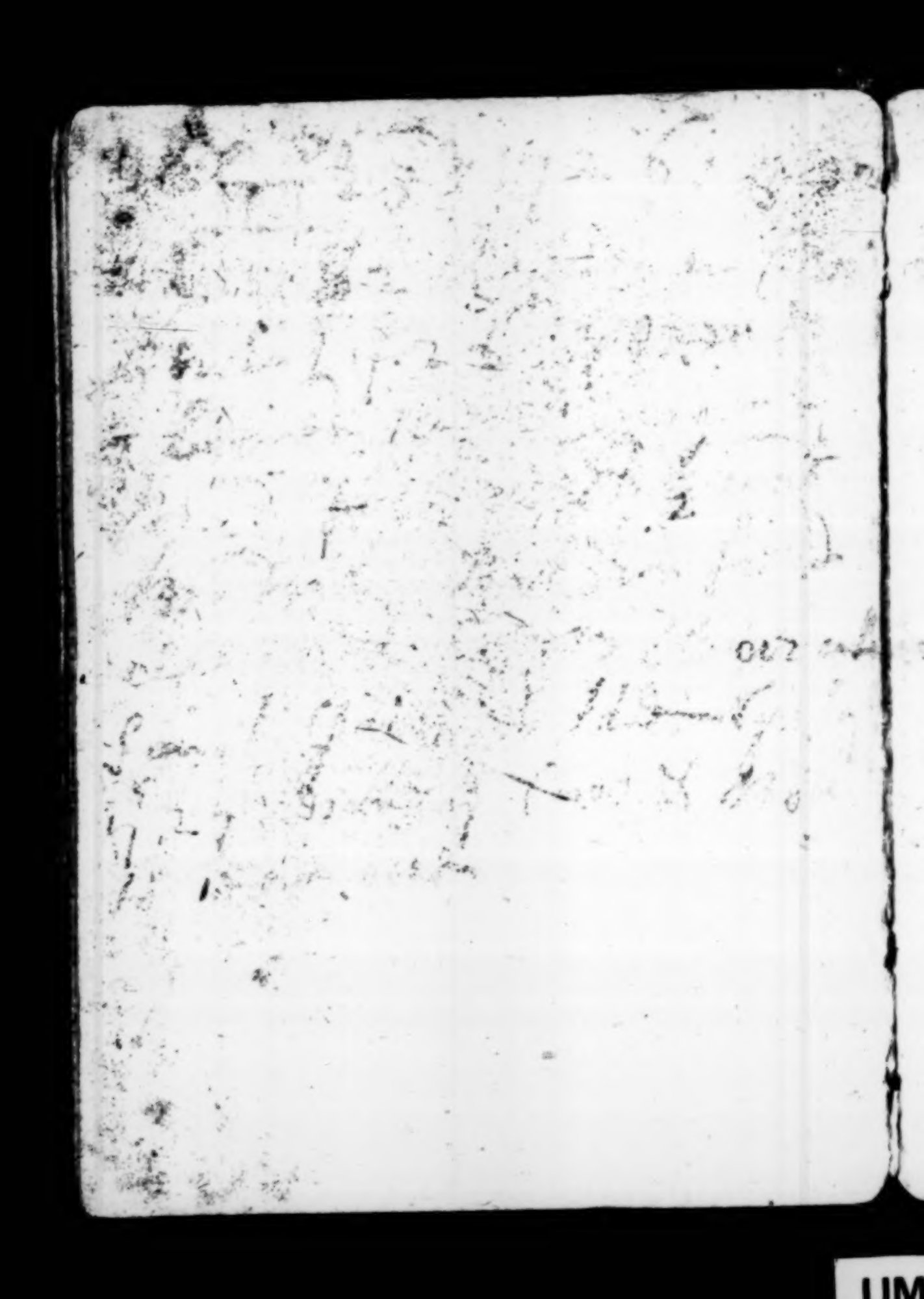
78.1

shoes 2d

21
21
24. 1
20 2

June 21: 1727 [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] — 78 4

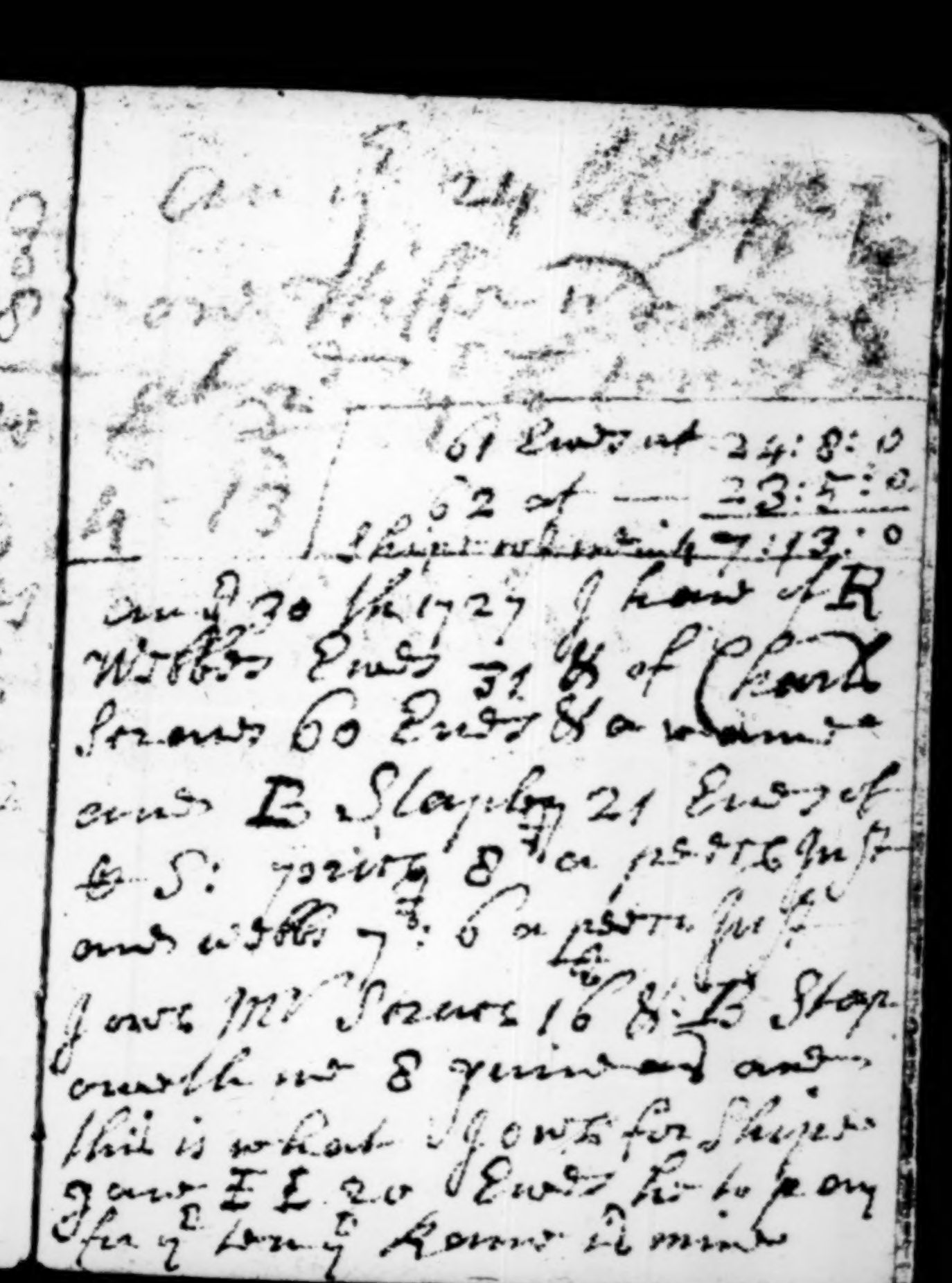




UMI

Beasts Bought in 1727 & 8
2 Oxen Fat cost in — 13:00:0
2 Cowes four cost — 14:07:6
2 Oxen & Heifer
at Mayfeild cost in 23:00:0
and Land Tax — 6:10:0
2 Oxen of Coe cost in 15:00:0
2 at Heath four pounds 15:00:0
2 of Linn Keppendow 15:0:0
2 of Cooper Midsummer 13:17:6
one pair Oxen of Thomas 2:4:0
5 Runts at Heath four 25:0:0
one at Speak Hill Rent 3:7:6
1 of Steer at St Ouens 5:10
2 Cows at Mr Monk — 15:5
8 Runts at Cowley 16 7:5:6
four cost — — 32:10:0
99:11:6

1727

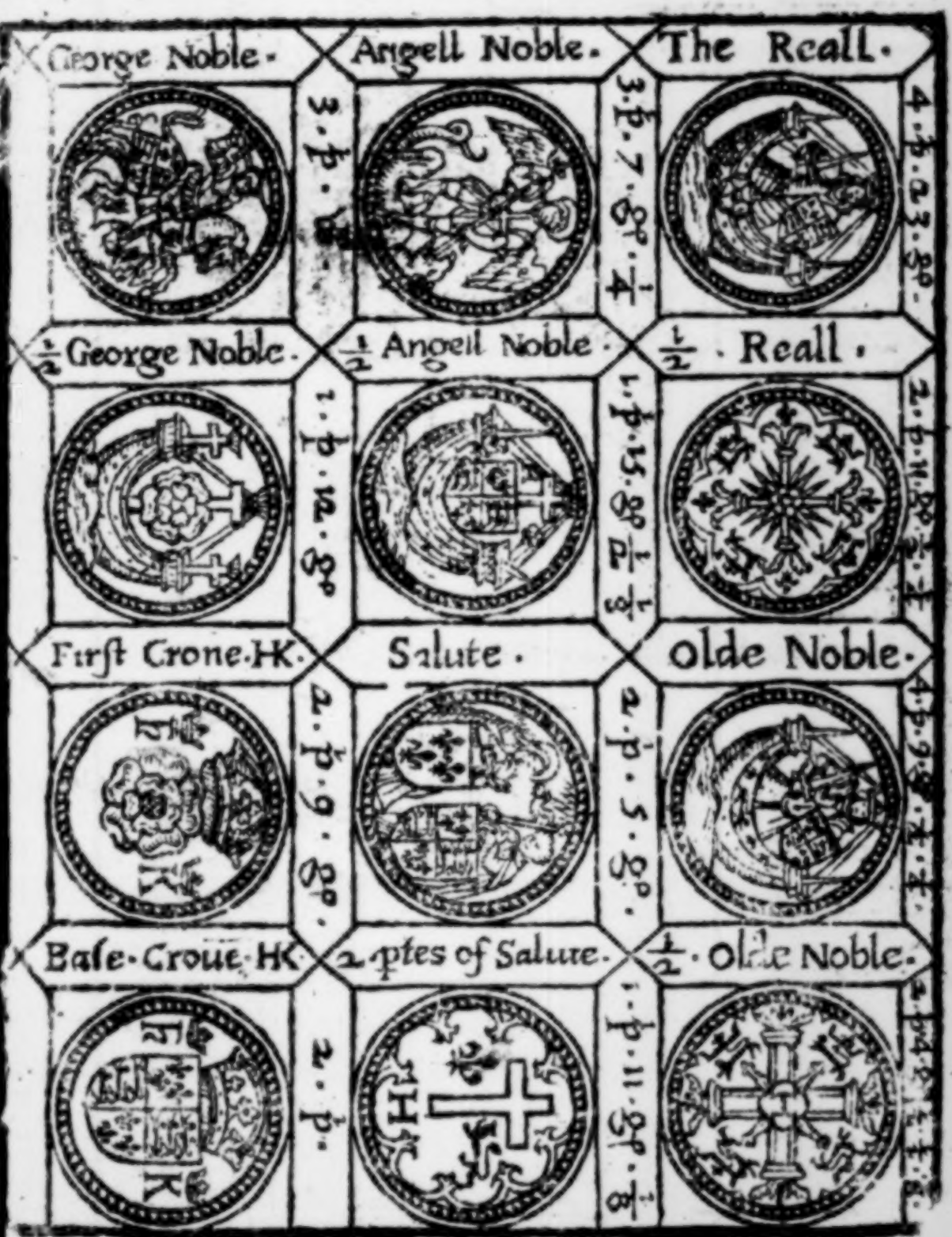


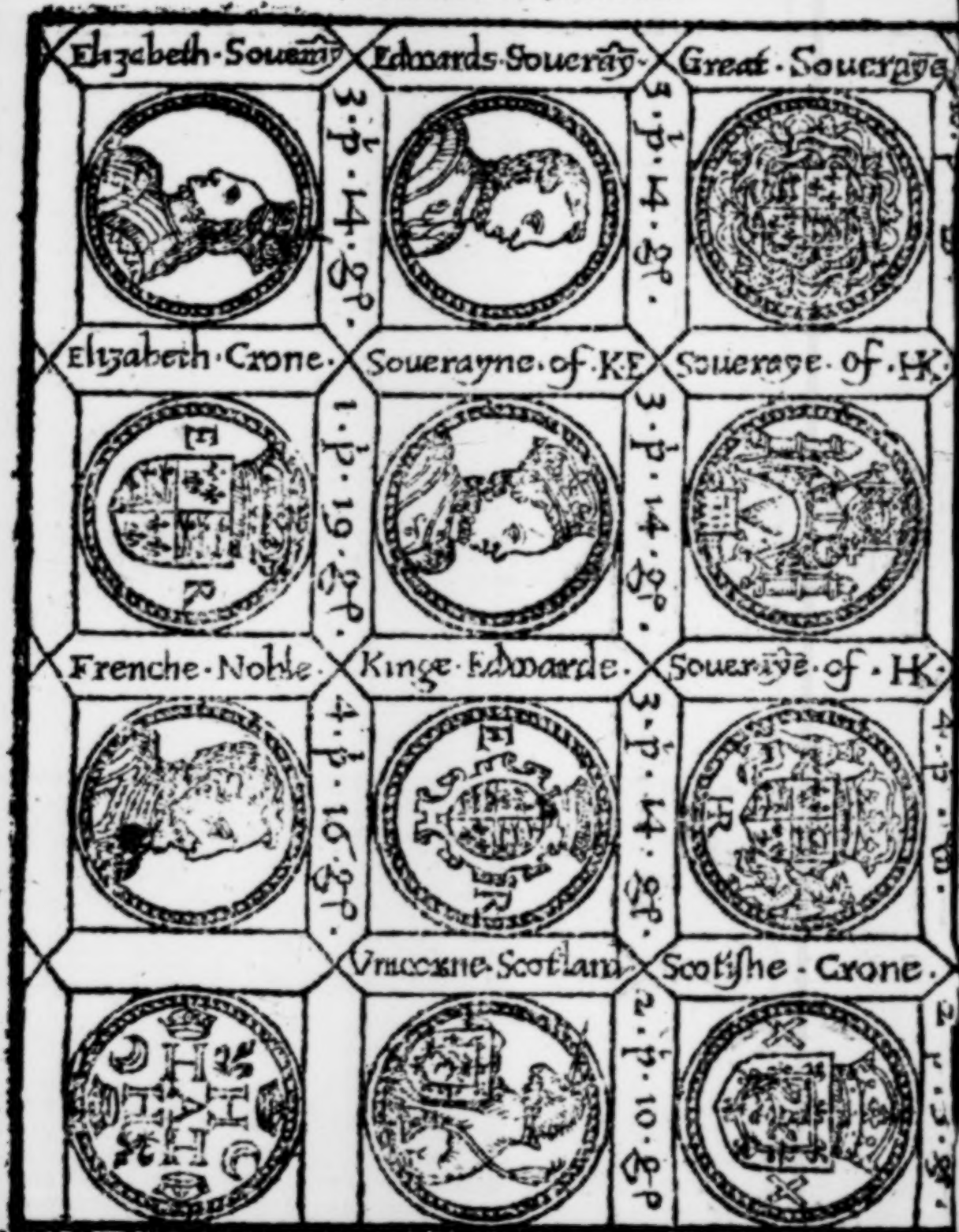
Rithd Hoc: Cond 1727 with ye other
at Burnt Land with 50 L more
to 17 : 4 : 2 & 2 Days grubbing
2 : 6 & hand grubbing with
Pitts 5 shillings 4 & 8 d capitle

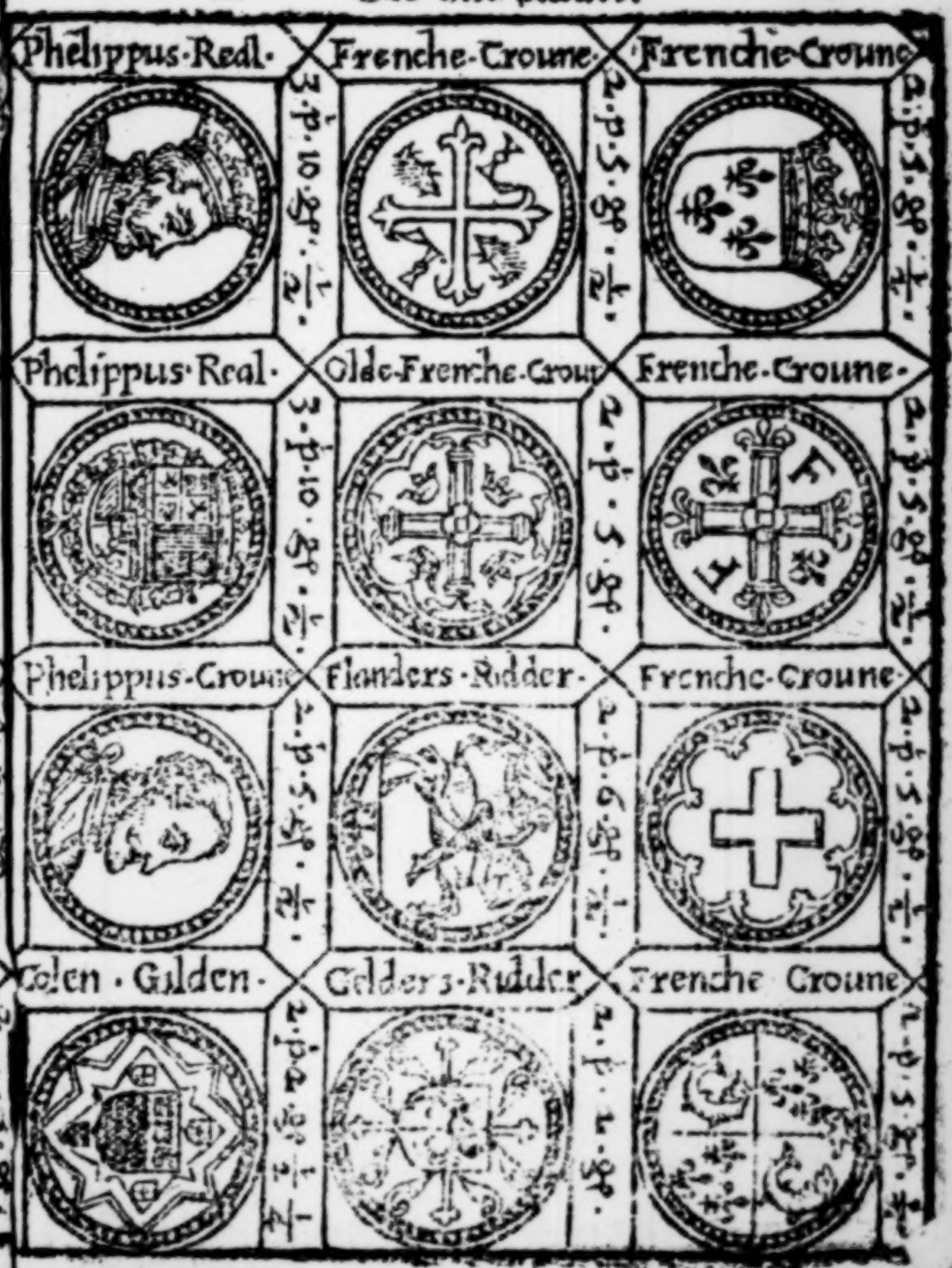
Otho 1726 to my
Cousin Mary Hazard
Book of Mrs Cap. D.
and 8 small prints
Book Spectator in 8 vol.
Book Pamela 4 vol.
Book Clarissa 8 vol.
Book Sir Charles
Grandison 6 vol.
Book Rambler 4 vol.
Book Adventurer 2 vol.
Book Idler 2 vol.

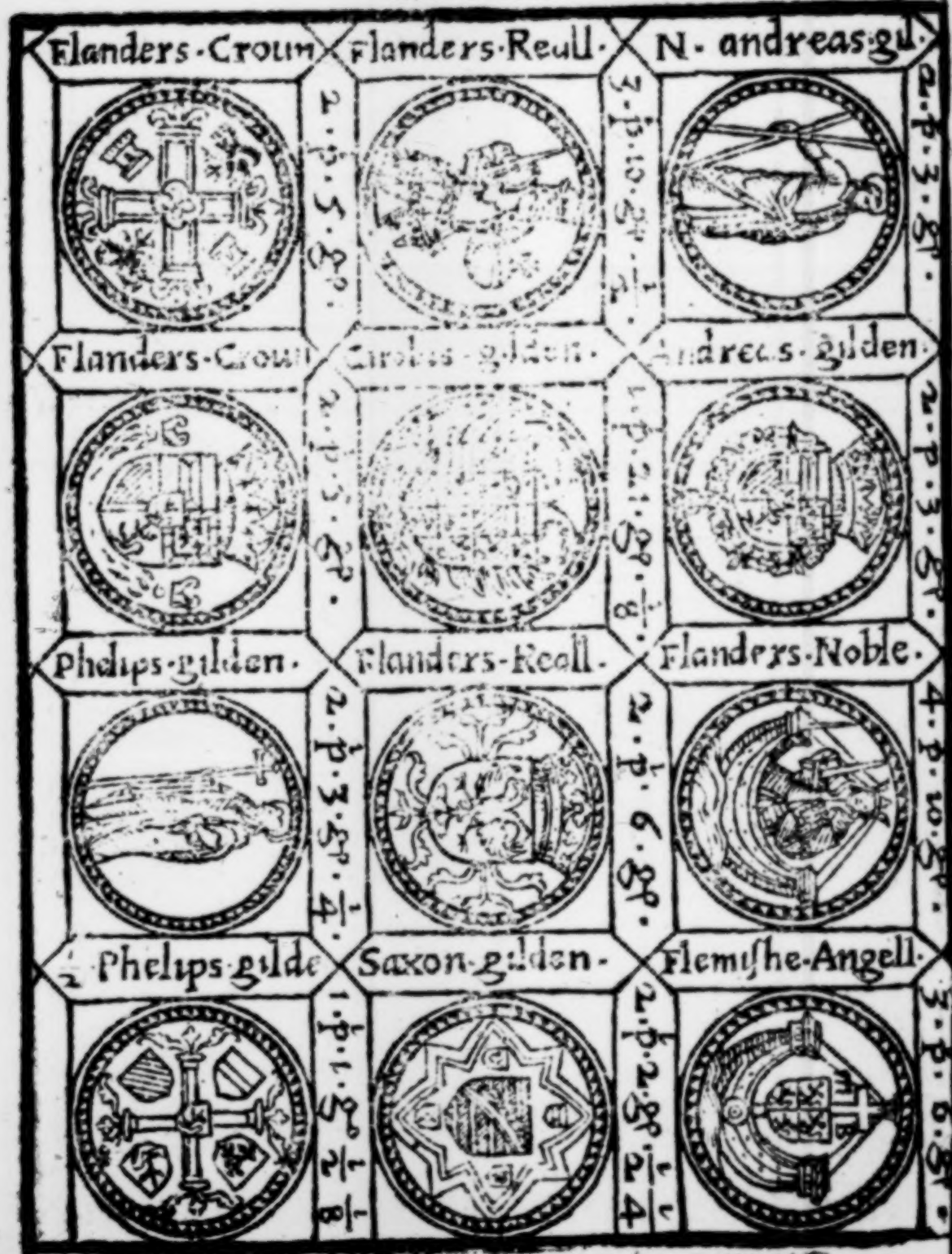
Month ye 8 of the 1726 Entered
with Jeremy Hosier agreed and
Bound Indented Servants & Agreed
Time & Wages for 18 Yrs to Serve and
Learn Mystery

The firſt Picture.

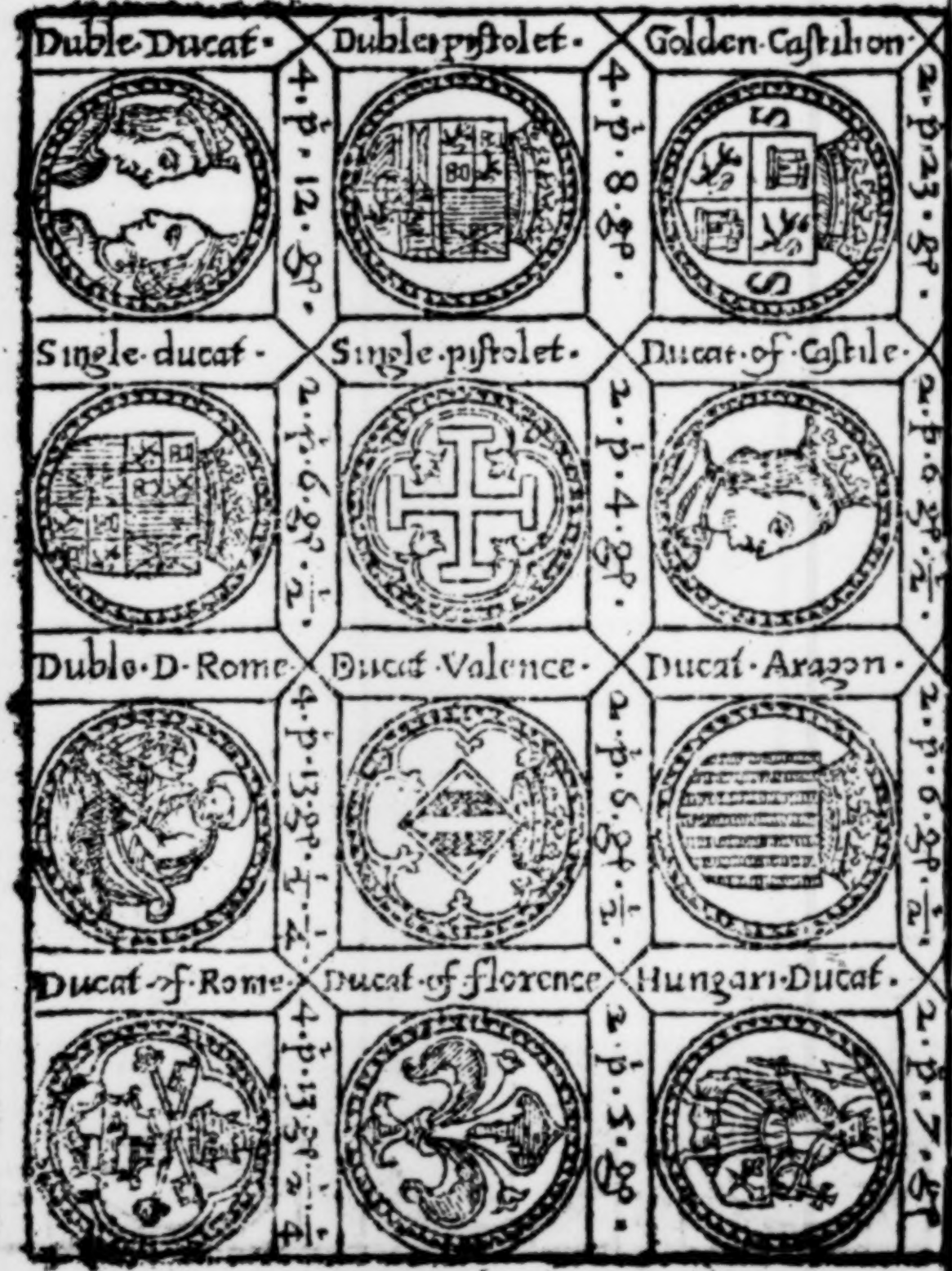



Elizabeth · Soueray
3 · p · 14 · gr ·
Edwards · Soueray
3 · p · 14 · gr ·
Great · Soueraye
Elizabeth · Crone ·
1 · p · 19 · gr ·
Soueraygne · of · KE
3 · p · 14 · gr ·
Soueraye · of · HK ·
Frenche · Noble ·
4 · p · 16 · gr ·
Kinge · Edwarde ·
3 · p · 14 · gr ·
Soueraye · of · HK ·
4 · p · 16 · gr ·
Vnicorne · Scotland
2 · p · 10 · gr ·
Scottishe · Crone ·


Phelippus Real
3 p 10 gr ½
Frenche Croune
2 p 5 gr ½
Frenche Croune
2 p 1 gr ½
Phelippus Real
3 p 10 gr ½
Olde Frenche Croun
2 p 5 gr
Frenche Croune
2 p 5 gr ½
Phelippus Croune
2 p 5 gr ½
Flanders Ridder
2 p 6 gr ½
Frenche Croune
2 p 5 gr ½
Colen Gulden
2 p 2 gr ½
Gelders Ridder
2 p 1 gr
Frenche Croune
2 p 5 gr ½


Flanders·Croun
Flanders·Reull·
N· andreas·gu·
2·p·3·gr·
2·p·5·gr·
3·p·10·gr·
Flanders·Croun
Carolus·gilden·
Andreas·gilden·
2·p·3·gr·
2·p·5·gr·
3·p·11·gr·
Phelips·gilden·
Flanders·Reall·
Flanders·Noble·
4·p·10·gr·
2·p·3·gr·
2·p·6·gr·
Phelips·gilde
Saxon·gilden·
Flemishe·Angell·
3·p·6·gr·
1·p·1·gr·
2·p·2·gr·

Mille. Rayes.
Horne. gilden.
golden. lion.
4. l. p. 20. gr.
1. l. p. 12. gr. 1/4
2. l. p. 16. gr. 1/4.
1/2 Mille. Rayes.
Olde. Andreas.
1/3. pte of golde lio
2. p. 10. gr.
2. l. p. 3. gr. 1/4.
21. gr. 1/2.
Portegu.
Cruſado.
too. 1/3. pte. G. lion.
103. 2. l. p. 15. gr.
2. l. p. 6. gr.
1. l. p. 19. gr.
Portegu.
Cruſado.
daund. gulden.
103. 2. l. p. 18. gr.
2. l. p. 6. gr. 1/2.
2. l. p. 2. gr.


Duble Ducat
4. p. 12. gr.
Duble piſtolet
4. p. 8. gr.
Golden Caſtilion
2. p. 23. gr.
Single ducat
2. p. 6. gr. 1/2.
Single piſtolet
2. p. 4. gr.
Ducat of Caſtile
2. p. 0. gr. 1/2.
Duble D Rome
4. p. 13. gr. 1/2.
Ducat Valence
2. p. 5. gr. 1/2.
Ducat Arragon
2. p. 6. gr. 1/2.
Ducat of Rome
4. p. 13. gr. 1/2.
Ducat of florence
2. p. 5. gr.
Hungari Ducat
2. p. 7. gr.

¶ A discription of Englande and *VVales, with the commodities thereof,* the names of the Byshoprickes and Shyres, with a briefe collection of the most notable Acts of the Kings of England since the conquest, with the day of their entrance, death, and place of buriall.

BRittain, is an Iland situate in the occean sea: and part of which Iland, Englishmen doo inhabit, and is called England: the other part called Wales, wherin Welchmen doo inhabit: the third is named Scotland, wherein Scots doo inhabit: and the fourth part Cornishmen doo inhabit, commonly called Cornwall, all they eyther in language, condition, or lawes, doo differ amongst themselues.

England is the greatest part, which aboundeth in all manner fruitfulnes, and hath sufficient store in it selfe, for the sustentation of the inhabitants: as no land in the world can say more. For it hath beene sayd of long since, that all Countryes hath neede of England or Brittaine: and Brittaine it selfe, neede of none, although gold and siluer doo not increase in such aboundance, as in other countreies, (which if it be needfull to haue gold at all) yet England is not voyde of them both. But that the inhabitants in generall, are prouided of such store, both of pure golde and siluer, (as coyne and furniture for the table, with plate) as no Nation in Christendome hath the lyke. Yet in Eng-

lande, there is both golde and siluer mines, and great store of tinn, lead, yron, steele, copper, brasse, also precious stones and pearles, as Actites and the Hematites, also the Caludon, the Porphyre, the Caliminaries, and Speculares, and Christall, both pure and good, also a kind of Diamant or adamant, which is faire to sight, but not so hard as other of forrain countries, also white Corral, with diuers others of great price, being found in cliffs, and rocks, whereof such as doe finde them, hauing no knowledge in them, or els beeing seduced by strangers, in discouraging vs from fetching and seeking our owne commodities: to the ende, that wee may haue the more vtteraunce of theyr vnnaturall and polished stones and warres, which they make, whereby they get great gaines, which is the cause ours are of little estimation, and not sought for.

Also, great store of quarries of stone for building, as alablaster, touchstone, of all sortes of marble, of free stone, &c. So that no Nation hath more diuersitie or choyse of excellent stones to builde withal, then england hath, if wee our selues could like of them. But such is our nature, that not our owne commodities, but others, most of all delight vs. Also great store of mineralls, as Quicksiluer, sulphure, black lead, allom, or piment, red & yellow, vermilion, copperas, bitomeum, in olde time vsed for morter, & to burne in Lampes where oyle was scant, salt peter to make powder for Guns, salsodiach to make glasses, the minerall stone, whereof petrolour is made: the minerall pearle, which of

all

all other for greatnes and colour is best, and they are digged out of the maine lande, and in sundrie places farre from the Sea, with infinite others, which are heere too long to recite.

Also, great store of coale pittes or mines, which will suffice for the whole Realme: which they are like to doo, if Woodes be not better maintayned & cherished hereafter, than they are at this present. Also, there are Baths & springs of excellent vertue, which cures diuers kindes of diseases: also, great store of Saffron: wyth all sortes of greene hearbes of most excellent vertue, both pleasant to the eye and taste.

Also diuers sorts of fruit trees, with all sorts of trees, and as yet, great store of trees for building, and making of ships, (the like whereof are not in the whole world:) and also great store of fishe of all kindes: wyth all manner of foule, both wilde and tame, in great aboundance: and especially for beastes and cattell, as Deare, redde and fallowe, Connies, Hares, &c. and great store of sheepe and oxen, whereof commeth such store of wooll, Cloth, and Lether, butter and cheese, which doeth replenish most Countries in Christendome, which they hardly might want. Also great store of grayne, or corne, of all kindes: which if I should rehearse all the commodities our Country doth yeeld, by particuler name, it would require a great volume: for there is no Nation vnder the sunne, that may say so much as ours, with we do want nothing that is necessary or conuenient. But if there be any thing which we do want, (although not so necessary) it is

not

not for the foyle will not yeeld it, (but that we are loth to take the paines in dressing and planting it) as it is recorded of old time, that the commodities which we want now, hath beene by thē maynstained and sought out, hauing no recourse else where to fetch it. But now for our fine cloth, tinne, Lead, ffelles, leather, corne, butter, cheese, and other good commodities for men, is exchanged and brought ouer from beyond the seas, great store of trifles for childrē, as halfpeny cockhorses, babies, leaden swordes, counterfeite beades, and infinite such toyes, and painted gew gaws for fooles, and dog tricks for dolts: whereby we reape iust mocking and reproch, so that some of them will not stick with vs to say, they can by the case of a ffore of an Englishman for iiij. pence, and sell the tayle againe to vs for xij. pence, saying, pitty it is such fooles should haue so fruitfull a land. But woulde to God we might waxe once wiser, and each one of vs endeuour our selues, that the common wealth of england may flourish, and that our commodities may be fully wrought at home in our own country, thereby to set many on worke, which are forst to goe a begging or else to ffarme, whilst our commodities are wrought in other forraine countries: whereby we shewe our selues very vngratfull vnto God and our common wealth.

Also englande, which is the greatest part, is deuided into xxxix. countries or shires, whereof ten, that is to say, Kent, Sussex, Surry, South-hampton, Barkshire, Wyltshire, Dorcetshire, Sommersetshire, Deuonshire, and Cornewall, doth containe

the

the first part of this Iland: which part bounding toward the South, standing between the Thames and the Sea. From thence to the river of Trent, which passeth through the middest of England, be xvj. shires, whereof the first six standing Eastward are Essex, Middlesex, Hartfordshire, Suffolk, Norfolke, and Cambridgshire. The other x. which standeth more in the midst of the Country, are these, Bedford, Huntington, Buckingham, Oxenford, North hampton, Rutland, Leicester, Nottingham Warwick, & Lincoln. After these there be six, which border Eastward upon Wales: as Glocester, Hereford, Worcester, Shropshire, Stafford shire, & Cheshire: and about the middle of the Region, Derbishire, Yorkshire, Lancashire, and Comberlande, and on the west side, is Westmerland, and against the same is the Bishoprick of Durham: & Northumberland: which beside's in the North upon ỹ marches of Scotland. The shires be deuided into xvij Bishopricks, as Canterbury, Rochester, London, Chichester, Winchester, Salisbury, Exceter, Bath and Welles, Worcester, Glocester, Hereford, Couentry and Liechfield, Lincolne, Ely, Norwich Oxenford, Peterborowe, Bristowe, these be vnder the Archbishop of Canterbury, which is Primate of England. And Yorke, Durham, Chester, & Carlile, is the prouince of the Archbishop of Yorke, which is an other primate of England.

Wales, an other part of Brittaine, beginneth at Chepstow and reacheth to Westchester northward and is compassed with the sea, except it bee on the southeast part, where the riuer of Seuerne deui-

deth

deth Wales from England. The country towards the Sea coast, and in the vallyes is most fertile, which yeeldeth both to man and beast, great plenty of fruit and grasse: But in other places (for the most part) it is barraine & lesse fruitfull, for which cause husbandmen doo liue full hardly. And there are foure Bishoprickes in Wales, the first Bishop of Saint Dauids, the Bishop of Landaffe, the bishop of Banger, the fourth of S. Asaph, which be vnder the Bishop of Canterbury. The Welchmen haue a language of themselues, far different from the English.

Cornewall, an other part beginneth in the west part of England, and in the east part thereof, it is in breadth foure score and ten miles, and towarde S. Jermaines in the west, situate on the sea coast, the greatest breadth is but xx. miles. It is a barrē foile, yeelding fruit more through the great labour of the tyllers and husbandmen, than through the goodnes of the ground. But there is great plentie of Tinne and Lead, in the mining and digging thereof, dooth consist the liuing and sustentation of the inhabitants: their language differeth far from the english, but is much like the welch, because they haue many words common to both, yet this difference is between them, that when a welch man speaketh, the Cornishman rather vnderstandeth many wordes spoken by the Welchman, than the whole tale he telleth.

The Riuer of Tweede deuideth england and Scotland north: the length of england beginneth at Portlmouth in the South, & endeth at Tweede

in the North, it is fyf. hundreth and xx. miles: and from Dover in the east part, to Saint Michaels mount in Cornewall, in the West part, is supposed to be fyf hundreth miles, and the whole circuit or compasse of england, wales, Cornewall, and scotland. is supposed to bee but one thousand, C. hundreth, and xx. miles.

William Conquerer began his raign the 24. of October, Ann. Do. 1057. and died the 9. of September, in the yeere 1087. and was buried at Cane in Normandy, when he had raigned 20. yeeres, 10. moneths and 5. dayes.

And in the yeere 1089. was such a dearth, that men did eat Cats, dogs, and mans flesh.

King William Rufus began his raigne the 6. of September, in the yeere 1087. and died the first of August, in the yeere 1100. and was buried at Winchester, when he had raigned 12. yeres, 11. moneths, lacking 8. dayes.

Henry the first began his raigne the 1. of August, in the yere 1100. and dyed the 2 of December, in the yeere 1135. and was buryed at Reading, when he had raigned 35. yeeres.

K. Stephen began his raigne the 2. of December, in the yeere 1135. and dyed the 25. of October, in the yeere 1154. and was buryed at Feuersham, when he had raigned 18. yeeres and 10. moneths.

Henry the second beganne his raigne the 25. of October, in the yeere 1154. and dyed the 6. of July, in the yeere 1189. and was buried at Font Euerade, when he had raigned 34. yeeres, 9. moneths, and 12. dayes.

In

In the yeere 1167. London Bridge was begun ne ſt ſtone.

Richard the firſt began his raign the 16. of Julie, in the yere 1189. and died the 6. of Aprill, in the yeere 1199. and was buried at Font euerad, when he had raigned 9. yeeres 9. moneths.

K. John began his raigne the 6. of Auguſt, in the yeere 1199. and dyed the 19. of October, in the yeere 1216. and was buried at Worceſter, when hee had raigned 17. yeeres 6. moneths, and od dayes.

In the yeere 1209. the Stone Bridge ouer the Thames of London was finiſhed.

Henry the third began his raigne the 19. of October, in the yeere 1324. and was buried at Weſtminſter, when he had raigned 56. yeeres.

And this king graunted to the Citizens of London, free warrant to hunt a certaine circuit about London, and that the Citizens ſhoulde paſſe tole free all england thorow.

Edward the firſt began his raigne the 16. day of Nouember, in the yeere 1272. and died the 7. day of July 1507. when he had raigned 14. yeeres, 8. moneths, and odde dayes, and was buried at Weſtminſter.

Edward the ſecond began his raign the 7. day of July, 1307. and was depoſed when he had raigned 19. yeeres, 6. moneths, and od daies, and dyed in the yeere 1326. and was buried at Gloceſter.

In this kings raigne, the yeere 1315. was ſuch a dearth and famine, with ſuch mortalitie, that the lyuing could not ſuffice to bury the dead, & horſe fleſh and dogs was counted good meate, and the

prisoners in prison, did plucke and teare in peeces such as came newly into prison, & deuoured them halfe aliue, and men and women were faine to eat their owne children.

Edward the third began his raigne, the 25. of January 1333. and dyed the 21. of June, 1377. when hee had raigned 44. yeeres, 6. moneths, and was buried at Westminster.

In the yeere 1333. the King besieged the Towne of Barwicke, the Scots minding to dissolue the Siedge. the king met them at Boithell, and slew of them 1300. horsemen, and 35000. foot men, and then tooke the towne, and there placed a Garrison.

In the yeere 1338. King Edward quartered the armes of England and Fraunce, and named himselfe King of Fraunce. And in the yeere 1339. the King met with an armie of Frenchmen by Sea, where he slewe of them 30000. men, and tooke 200. Ships. and the rest fled.

In the yeere 1336, the king tooke ship, and sayled to Hogges in Normandy, from thence went to Caen, and spoyled it to the bare walles, and then went to Callis and besieged it: and when the king had a long time besieged it, the french king came to raise the siege, and when he sawe hee could not preuaile, he steered his Tents and departed. The Callis men seeing it, yeelded the towne and Castell, and themselues to the Kings pleasure.

The same yeere, Edward the Kings son, nigh to the Cittie of Poytiers, ioyned battayle wyth John the French king, where the kinges Sonne wonne a noble victory, and tooke the French king with

with his sonne, with diuers of his Nobles prisoners: and the same yeere the Scottish king, with diuers Earles and Lordes were taken prisoners also, by the englishmen.

Richard the second began his reigne, the 21. day of June, 1377. and was deposed when h had reigned 22. yeeres, 3. moneths, and died the 23. of September, in the yeere, 1399. & was buried at W stm.

In the yeere 1381 the making of guns were inuented and found, by an Almaine as some report.

In the yeere 1391. the commons of kent and Essex rebelled: hauing Wat Tyler, and Jack Straw Tom Miller, Hob Carter, with such noble personages to their Captaines, being in number xl. M. which came to blacke heath, and so neere London, and did much mischiefe. The king to pacifie their furie, offered them peace, and sent the Mayor to Wat Tyler their Captaine, to come speake with him: he answering he would come at his owne pleasure: yet neuertheless, he followed faire and softly, and came to the king in Smythfield, who tarryed his comming, then the king commaunded the Mayor to arest the Rebell: which Mayor beeing a man of sufficient courage and boldnesse, straight way arested the Rebell on the head, in such sort that hee astonied him, then they which attended on the king, slewe him forthwith, by reason whereof, the lewde company were dispearsed, and Jack Strawe beeing taken, lost hys head.

Henry the fourth began his raign, the 29. day of September, in the yeere 1399, and died the 20. day

of

of March, in the yeere 1412. when her had raigned 13. yeares, 6. months, and was buried at Canter.

Henry the fift began his raigne the 20. day of March, 1412. and died the 31. of August, in the yere 1421. when he had raigned 9. yeares, 5. moneths. was buried at Windsor.

In the yeere 1451. the King entred the seas, with a 1000. sayle of shyps, and arriued at Normandy. and then went and besieged Harflew: which was yeelded vnto him: they fought ꝑ battel of Agine Court, where by the meanes of his Bowmen, hee slew the most of the nobility of Fraunce, and had a maruelous victory, & was made Regent of France, and won many townes, as Roane, which he besieged fiue months long: and there died in the town for want of victuals, about 30000.

Henry the first began his raigne the 31. day of August, 1422. and in the yeare 1460. he was driuen out of his kingdom, when he had raigned 38. yeres fiue moneths, and od dayes, and in the yeere 1465. he was committed to the Towre, and in the yeere 1470. he was murthered, & was buried at Windsor In the yeere 1432. king Henry the 6. king of England, was crowned king of Fraunce at Paris.

In the yere 1450, the commons of Kent rebelled, hauing to their Captayne, Jacke Cadde, against whom the king sent an Army, which the Rebels ouerthrew. After this victory ꝑ Rebel came to London, entred the Citty, and smote his sword vppon London stone, saying. Now is Mortimer Lord of this Citty. The Mayor and citizens, perceyuing themselues neyther sure of life or goods, Sent

o the Towze, vnto the Lorde Scales for ayde, which promised thē ayde by shooting, of the great Ordenance, and then the Captaynes of the Citty tooke the drawe bridge in ỹ night prohibiting the Rebels to passe the bridge into the Citty, the Rebels hearing the bridge to be kept, ran with great fury to open the passage, where betwern both parts was a sharpe and fierce encounter, in fine, the Rebels got the drawe bridge. This conflict indured till nine of the clock in the morning in doubtfull manner, so that both parties agreed to desist from fight till the next day, vpon condition, that neither Kentishmen should enter the Citty, nor Cittizen should passe into Southwark. Then the Archbishop of Canterbury with other entred Southwark where they shewed the kings generall pardon for all offenders, wherevpon the multitude retyred home, the Captaine fled into the wilde of Sussex, and was there slaine.

In the yeere 1453. the Duke of Yorke and other of the Lords, gaue the king battell at S. Albones, where the king was taken of the Duke, and by a Parliament was made Protector of the Realme, and in 1455. the Duke was discharged of his Protectorship, which caused a new grudge.

In the yeere 1459. the Duke, with other Lordes, gaue the king a battaile at Mouth hampton, and in the ende discomfited the Kinges power, & tooke the King in the fielde. The Duke of Yorke made such clayme to the Crowne: that by consent of a Parliament, hee was proclaymed heyre apparant, and his progeny after him.

But

But the Queene gathering a power, set vpon the Duke at Wakefielde, where the Duke was slaine. And in like manner the Queene with her power, discomfited the Earle of Warwicke, neere to S. Albones, and set at libertie the king.

In the yeere 1459. the noble science of Printing of bookes, was found at Magunce in Germany, by John Cuthenburge, & first brought into England by one William Caxton, a Mercer of London, and there put in vse.

Edward Earle of March, eldest Sonne to the Duke of Yorke, with the Earles of Warwick and Salisbury, came to London with a strong power, & was proclaimed King, by the name of Edward the fourth. King Henry vnderstanding that the Earle of March was comming towards him, hee with the Queene fled into the North.

Edward the fourth, began his reigne the 4. day of March, in the yeere 1460. & died the 9. of Aprill, in the yeere 1483. when he had reigned 22. yeeres, 1. moneth, and od daies, & was buried at Windsor.

In the yeere 1461. the 26 of March, was fought a great battaile betweene K. Edward the fourth, and Henry the 6 t power, neere Tadcaster, in the North, where was slaine on both parties 11571. persons, but king Edward got the field, and king Henry with his wife and sonne, with the Duke of Sommerset & Exceter, & other, fled into Scotland.

In the yeere 1464. King Henry came out of Scotland with a great power, & Lord Mountacute with a great power met them, and enclosed them rounde, at Exam; where King Henryes power

was ouerthrowne and many slayne. But he himselfe with certaine others fled into Lancashire, where they lyued in Caues full hardly, more than halfe a yeere.

In the yeere 1455. King Henry the first, was taken beside the Abby of Salley, in Yorkeshire, and from thence brought to Elsam, and there he was arested by the Earle of Warwick, and from thence sent to the Tower.

In the yeere 1460. the duke with other earles & Lords arriued at Plimmouth, and an other sort at Dertmouth, all which company tooke their voyage towards Exceter, and then Northwards.

King Edward hearing of their comming fled frō his hoast at Nottingham, and tooke shypping at Lynne, and so sayled into Flaunders, & the Duke of Clarence, the Earle of Warwicke, with others entred the Towre of London, and set at libertie King Henry, which had beene prisoner there nine yeeres, and tooke him for their lawfull King. But shortly after, King Edwarde landed at Rauenspoorne, with a small company of Souldiours, with the helpe of his brother the duke of Clarence which now turned to his part, he came so puisantly to London, that he entred the Citty, and tooke king Henry the first in the Bishops Pallace, and sent him to the Towre, and then went against the Earle of Warwicke, whom hee vanquished neere to Barnet, and then went Westwarde, and there vanquished the Queene, King Henryes wife, and tooke her and her Sonne beside Tewxbury, and shortly after, King Henry was murthered in the

Towre

towre.

Edward the fift began his raigne the 9. of Aprill, in the yeere 1483. being of the age of 13. yeeres, which Prince raigned a small space, either in pleasure or liberty, for his vnnaturall Uncle the duke of Glocester, not onely deprined him of his crowne but of his life also: when he had raigned two monethes, ten dayes, and was murdered, and buried in a place vnknowne.

Richard the third began his raigne the 22. of June: in the yeere 1483. and dyed the 22. of August, in the yeere 1485. when he had raigned 2. yeeres 2. months, and was buried at Leicester.

In the yeere 1484. the earle of Richmond, with a small company landed at Milforde Hauen, and claimed the crowne, and gaue battaile vnto king Richard the third, at a place beside Leicester, called Bosworth, where King Richard was slayne, and the earle of Richmond was proclaimed King Henry the seauenth.

Henry the seauenth began his raign in the yere 1485. the 22. of August, and dyed the 22. day of Aprill 1509. when he had raigned 23. yeeres, eight moneths, and was buried at Westminster.

In the yeere 1486. the king tooke to wife Elizabeth daughter of king Edward the fourth, by the which meanes, the two houses, of Lancaster, and Yorke were both vnited in one.

In the yeere 1497. the commons of Cornwall made an insurrection, hauing the Lorde Audley and Michael a blacksmith their leaders came to blackheath, where the king met with them, and

discomfited, and then executed their Captaine, at the same time in Bedfordshire, fell haile stones 18. inches about.

Henry the eight began his raigne the 22. day of Aprill, in the yeere 1509. and died the 24. of January, in the yeere 1546. when he had reigned 37. yeeres 9. moneths and od dayes, and was buried at Windsor.

In the yeere 1513. in the 5. yere of the kings reign the king entred Fraunce, and conquered Terwin and Tornay. And the same time the Queene, with the Earle of Surrey, ouerthrew the Scottish Armie at Blamstone, called Flodden field, where the Scottish king was slain, with diuers of his Nobility, and 18000. men, and tooke all his furniture for the warres.

In the yeere 1517. the ninth yeere of the Kings reigne, was an insurrection made by certain prentiles of London, against straungers: and it was called euill May day.

And in the yeere 1528. was a sweating sickneſſe and specially in London: and the same yere William Tyndale translated the Testament first into english.

In the yeere 1517 Charles the fift came into england, and was most honourably receiued.

In the yeere 1530. and 22. yeere of his reigne, by meanes of delay made by the Pope, touching the kings deuorce, he made proclamation, forbidding any to sue to the Court of Rome.

In the yere 1531. the Clergy acknowledged the king to be supreame head ouer the Church of eng-

land

land and Ireland, & gaue the king a C.m.pound for pardon for their offences, and the yeere 1533. the king was cleerely diuorced from Queene Katherine, and maried to the Lady An Bollyn, who was crowned Queene at Whitsontide. & the 7. of September following, shee was deliuered of the Lady Elizabeth at Greenewich.

In the yeere 1534. and the 26. yeere of the kings raigne, was the whole authority of the Bysshop of Rome, by Parliament vtterly banished.

In the yere 1536. by act of Parlament, all houses of Religion, in England & Wales were suppressed. and giuen to the king and his heires.

In the yeere 1536. and the xxviij. yeere of the kings raigne, the commons of Lincolnshire made an insurrection for Religion, and gathered nigh xx. M. persons: against those the king sent the Duke of Suffolke, with a strong power, which the Rebelles hearing, desired pardon, brake vp their army and departed, but their Captaines were apprehended and executed. The Lincolnshire men beeing pacified within 6. dayes after began an other insurrection in Yorkeshire, for the same cause, the people being gathered together to the number of xl. M. against whom the King sent the Dukes of Norfolke and Suffolke, with others, whereas a battaile was appoynted to be fought on Simon and Judes day, but ỹ same night fell such a great raine, that the two armies could not meete, whereupon the Rebels desired the duke to sue for their pardon to the king, that they might depart, which the Duke not onely promised but performed, Also

heyr captain was not only pardoned, but rewarded with diuers giftes which hee enioyed a small time: for shortly after, he with diuers of his complices, had their demerits, and were executed.

In the yeere 1540. the 9. of July the Lord Cromwell was beheaded.

In the yeere 1544. sir John Dudley high Admirall of England, with a Fleete of 200. saile entred Scotland, and went and spoiled Lieth, & the next day went to Edenbrow, and beat the Scots from their Ordinance, and came away with such riches, as they thought had not beene in any Towne in Scotland, and then fired the houses in the towne which burned three dayes.

And at Whitsontide after, the duke of Norfolk with other, with an Army, entred fraunce, and besieged Mutterell, and in July following, the king with an Army passed into fraunce, and encamped on the North-side of Bullen, and the duke of Suffolke on the South-east side, and after a moneth siege, the townes-men sent the King worde, they would surrender the towne, with condition to depart with bag and baggage, which was graunted and the king returned with honour. And at the same time, the Kings ships tooke three hundreth sayle of French shippes, which were laden wyth Wine and saltfish.

In the yeere 1546. the 27. of April, being wednesday in Easter weeke, one William Pirley a Pote maker for the mint, in the towre of London, fell a sleepe so hard, that hee coulde not bee awaked with cramping, pricking, pinching, or otherwayes

vntill he had slept full fourteen dayes and nights without waking, and when he awaked, hee was in all points, as though he had slept but one night, ꝑ cause of his sleeping was examined by ꝑ kings Phisitions and other learned, but it could not be knowne. The king himselfe examined the sayde Foxley, & he was found in all poyntes, as though he had slept but one night, and was yet liuing in the yeere 1584.

Edward the first began his raigne, ꝑ 28. day of January 1546. and died the first of July 1553. when he had raigned 6. yeeres 5. moneths, and od dayes, and was buried at Westminster.

In the yeere 1549. the Lorde Protector, and the Earle of Warwicke with an Armie, were sent to Scotlande, and neere to Edenborrowe, at a place called Maskelborowe, the Englishmen and Scots met in September, where the Englishmen obtayned a noble victorie, and slew of the Scots aboue xiij. m. and tooke aboue xv. C. prisoners, and not forty english men were slaine.

And in this yere the Images in Churches, were taken down for the auoiding of idolatry: and the same yeere, the english Seruice was first sayde in english.

In the yeere 1549. in may, by reason of a Proclamation for inclosers, the commons of Somersetshire, and Lincolnshire, made an insurrection, but they had soone theyr demerits: also the commons of Cornewall and Deuonshire rebelled, requiring not onely theyr inclosers, but theyr olde Religion againe to be restored, and these besieged Exeter.

which

which was valiantly defended, and the Lord Russell with others, went agaynst the Rebels, and tooke and slewe foure thousand, & executed theyr Captaines.

At the same time in July, the commons of Norfolke and Suffolke rose, & encamped themselues at a place neere Norwich, called Mount Surrey: the Earle of Warwicke with other, went against them, and slewe of them aboue 5. thousand, & tooke their Captaine Robert Ket, Tanner, who shortly after was executed.

In the yeere 1551. in July, the sweating sickenesse began at London, which was so terrible, that people being in perfect health, were dead in 24. howers, or lesse.

On the 22 of January following, Edward duke of Sommerset was beheaded.

In the yeere 1553. king Edward died, and by his will, bequeathed the Crowne of this Realme vnto the Lady Jane Grey, the duke of Suffolke his daughter, but shee enioyed the Legacie not long, but thereof grew much trouble: for at the last Mary, eldest daughter vnto king Henry the eyght, posses the same which of right appertained vnto her.

Queene mary began her reigne the first day of July, in the yeere 1553. and died the xvij. day of Nouember 1558. when she had reigned fiue yeeres, foure moneths and eleuen dayes, & was buried at Westminster.

In this yeere, the Religion that was in kyng Edwards dayes, began to be new altered, and the olde

and the Bishops to be restored again.

And the same yeere was concluded a mariage betweene Queene Marie, and Phillippe sonne of Spaine.

The next yeere following it was solemnized on saint James day.

The same yeere Syr Thomas Wyat, with other Gentlemen assembled an army in Kent, and came to London, minding to haue let the marriage, but shortely after they were discomfited, and many of them taken and put to death, and sir Thomas Wiat was beheaded at the Towre hill: and the same time was the Lady Jane, with the Lord Gylforde her husband beheaded: and the same yeere was the Duke of Suffolke her Father beheaded on the Towre hill.

In the yeere 1557. went an armie of English men ouer into Flaunders, vnto the ayd of king Phillip against the French men at Saint Quintaines, which after their comming was soone wonne, but in the end it was the losse of Callis.

And this yeere was a great persecution and cruelltie, with burning of men, women & Children, to the great sorrow of many that liued vnder that cruell gouernment.

In the same yeere 1557. the first of Januarie, the French men came to Callis with an Army, & were maisters thereof in lesse then v. daies, & the English harts so altered from the good opinion y they had of Queene Mary, at y first entrance into the Kingdome: that nothing was more ioyfull vnto them, then when they heard of her death.

Queene

Queene Elizabeth begaine her raigne the 17. of Nouember, 1558. to the great ioy and comfort of all Christians harts.

This yeere the Queene restored again the gospell, which was in the time of king Edward, with the booke of common prayer, and administration of the Sacraments in english.

In the yeere 1556. the Duke of Guise made a great attempt by landing certain crues of souldiers in Scotland, but by the wisedom of ꝧ Queene and Counsell, his lewde policy was preuented, & Scotland auoided of these crues.

This yeere also the Queene finding ꝧ Realme maruellously disfurnished with Armor, made such noble prouision therof, that it was (great terror to the enemies) strength and comfort to this Realm.

And in the yeere 1561. the 4. of June, the Steeple of Saint Paules Church in London, was set on fire by lightening, which began in the toppe of the Steeple, and so burnt downwards, and so consumed the Steeple, and the 4. great Rookes, which were couered with leade, in lesse then 4. houres.

In the yeere 1561. the Towne of newhauen, was deliuered into the handes of the Queenes power, but by reason of the plague, which was so sore amongst them that kept it, that they were forste to yeelde it againe, vpon certaine conditions.

In the yeere 1563. after the comming from Newhauen, the plague so raigned in England, but especially in London, that in lesse then one yeere, there died in London and in the Suburbes, about 20000. of the plague: by reason whereof Hilarie

lerie, earme was kept at Hertford Castell beside Ware, where was single cheere with double coste, and worse lodging with no lesse charge.

In the yeere 1564. the Thames of London was frozen so hard, that thousands of people went on the Ise, and some playde at Foteball, and some shot at pricks, as boldely as if they had beene in the fields, which great yse was consumed in lesse then three dayes, after it began to thawe: which suddaine thawe, caused floods and high waters, which drowned many people, and bare downe many houses and bridges, especially Owse bridge in Yorke Citty.

In the yeere 1566. certaine houses in Cornehyll in London were pulled downe, and the grounde made plain, then was the Burse begun to be builded, and the yeere following it was finished, and afterwards by the Queenes Maiestie, in the yere 1570. it was named the Royall exchange.

In the yeere 1569. the Earles of Northumberland and Westmerland began a rebellion in the North, but shortly after, perceiuing the Queenes power to come against them, they fled into Scotland, but the Queenes power followed, and slewe and tooke many and executed them.

In the yeere 1572. Thomas Howarde Duke of Norfolke was beheaded, the second of June, at the Towre hill.

In the yeere 1571. the xxvi. of September, a Poulters wife in London, was brought a bed of foure Children at one time, all Mayden children which were all carried to Church at once to bee

baptized,

Baptised being all alyue and in good liking.

The same yeere 1576 on the ix. day of February, one Anne Auories, a Widdow in London, hauing bought vi. pound of towe in a flaxe shoppe, went away and did not pay for it: the seruant seing she was gone without paying for it, went after, and demaunded her money for it, she forswearing her selfe, with cursing and othes, immediatly fel down speechlesse, and vomited that vpwardes, that shee should haue voided downwards, with an horrible stinck, hauing the money in her hands, that should haue payed for it, and so she died.

In the yeere 1577. the iiij. v. & vi. dayes of July. was an Assise holde at Oxford, where was araigned one Rouland Jenckes for seditious wordes: at which time there arose such a sudden dampe amongst the people there, that caused such a sicknesse, that few that were there escaped, the Jurors dyed presentlie, & shortly after the Judges of the Bench dyed also: there died in Oxford iij. C. persons, and there sickned ij. C. and od, but died in other places: it began the first of July, and ended the ix of August, after which day, dyed not one of that sickneſſe, nor one infected not the other, there died not one woman or child of that disease.

In the yere 1578. John Casimer Counte palatin came into the Realme, & was honorably receiued. This yere also was such a great snow, that many people and cattell were drowned therewith.

1579. the 6. of Aprill, was such an Earthquake in the most part of england, especially towardes the South part, which shook many Castles, churches and

mazednes amongſt the peo,
thought the world was at an end.
The ſame yeere in Aprill certaine Spaniards entred Ireland, (to the ayde of Deſmond,) who built a ſtrong fort, and victualed it for 6. months, with armor and other munition for 2000. men: which by the diligence of the Lord Gray, (then Deputie for the Quene) were ſhortly ouerthrowne, and put to the ſworde, onely ſome few of the chiefe put to raunſom.

1581. in April, Mounſer duke of Anioy, brother to the French king, & diuers Nobles of Fraunce, came to England, and were honorably receiued: and in Februarie following, hee went ouer into Flaunders, & there was created duke of Brabant.

1585. in July, certain ſouldiers went out of England to Holland, to their aide againſt the Spaniards, & in Decẽber following, ꝑ Earle of Leiceſter with diuers other of account with him, hee was made Lieftenant Generall of ꝑ low Countries.

This yeere in June, Henry Percy earle of Northumberland, murthered himſelfe in the Towre.

The ſame yeere in September, Syr Frauncis Drake, with diuers other valiant Captaines, ſet forward towards the confines of Spayne, where they did moſt braue ſeruice againſt ꝑ Spaniards, as at Cathagena, & bringing from thence all the Spaniſh Ordinance, with other riches.

1585. in July, Mr. Thomas Candiſh tooke his voyage to compas the world, paſſing through the ſtraights of Magilianys, & returning by the cape

bona

This yeare in July. Babington with his complises were taken, and in September following, weare executed.

The same yeere 1586. the 29. of October, was a Parlament assembled, for the trial of matters concerning Mary the Scotish Queene, and in the 6. of December following, was solemly proclaimed with the sound of 4. Trompets, in seuerall places of London, & in Middlesex, the sentence giuen by the Nobility against the saide Mary Queene of Scots, to the wonderfull great reioising of all the Godly, as apeared by their singing of psalms ringing of Bells, and making of bonfires in the Citye of London, and on the 8. of February following, being wednesday in the forenoone, according to the sentence giuen by the Nobilitye, the sayde Mary Queene of Scots was beheaded, in the Castell of Fodering hay. and in the first of August, 1587. was as apertayned to a Queene, most Royally buried at Peterborough.

FINIS.

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